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PAID, or they will not be taken out of the Office. Advertising .- One square of 14 lines, or less, 3 times \$1 50; 3 months, \$4; 6 months, \$7 50; 12 months, \$15. Longer ones in proportion.

A CARD.

RANKLIN THORPE, (Cluck and Watch-Maker and Jeweller,) respectfully informs the citizens Lexington and vicinity, that he attend to the repairing of Clocks and Walches of every description; MUSICAL BOXES, ACCORDIONS and JEWELRY. ENGRAVING dooc. From his experistee in the

business, he does not doubt but that he will please those who may give him u call. As it is his intention of making the city his residence, he wishes a share of public J. B. Johnson's Saddler's Shop.
N. B. An assertment of JEWELRY for sale.

Groceries, Wines and Liquors.

Stores formerly occupied by Crutenfield & Pulson, at the corner of Main and Mill Streets, would respectfully inform his friends and the public generally, that in additionto his stock on hand—amongst which are some choice WINES AND LIQUORS, he is daily excepting additional smallers which will make his STOCK.

peeting additional supplies, which will make his STOCK as complete and desirable as any in the city.

He has made and is uniking arrangements to keep a constant supply of Goods in his line, which he will offer for sale at the lowest unaket price, WHOLESALE and

RETAIL, in lots to suit purchasers.

He is prepared to do a General Commission and Fonwarding Business. Goods consinged to his eare will be disposed of in conformity to instructions, with as little delay as practicable. The usual tacifities will be afforded an all greaters are the formal transfer and an all greaters.

ded on all goods consigned to him for sale, and his best efforts to effect sale of the same.

To the former patrons of the house he tenders his sincere thanks, and hupes by a strict dilligence for their in terest, to merit and receive a continuance of their patronage.

BEN. F. CRUTCHFIELD. Lexington, Dcc. 16, 1837 51-tf

FEMALE CORDIAL OF HEALTH.

HIS invaluable preparation is a medicinated Wine, pleasant to the taste, grateful to the stumach, and eminently tonic in its effects. But its highest and best quality is in its specific and and curative effects on female

Very many of the wives and mothers among us are condemned to intold sufferings, by diseases arising from local and general debility; and because they find no relief from the strenghening remedies in common use, they are too often given up by the Faculty as incurable. Weaknesses, as well as the pains in the back and limbs, with which such females are afflicted, will all yield to the sovereign and infallible effects of this CORDIAL OF HEALTH. And for the weaknesses consequent upon the obstruc-tions and irregularities to which unmarried and young for males are subject, there can be no remedy in the whole Materia Medica, which combines such innocent and cur-

ative virtnes.
Prepared by Edward Prentiss, sule proprietor, and sold by Daniel Bradford, at the Office of the Kentucky Gaz-

September 20, 1838.

THE undersigned very respectfully informs his friends and the public generally, that he has purchased the ENTIRE STOCK OF GROCERIES of M. B. Moa RISON. At the same stand he will always keep a and good assortment of FAMILY GROCERIES. bas on hand at present, a large quantity of Sugar, Corren, Teas, Liquors, &c. which will be sold at the lowes market prices.

SAMUEL C. TROTTER.

N. B. I wish to sell my DRt G and CHEMICAL STORE, on Cheapside. The Stock is warth between 3 and \$1,000. Any person that wants an establishment of the kind, will do welt to apply early, as I will give a bargain, and make the payments casy.

Lexington, Sept. 20, 18"8 38-11

N. Y. Spirit of the Times & Tarf Register,

S5 per annum. Payable in advance. W. T. PORTER, Editor.

J. W. TRUMBULL,

Ageot for Lexington, Fayette Co.

OYSTERS. FEW KEGS, in prime order, direct from Balti-more, just received by B. F. CRUTCHFIELD, No. 10, Main street, Lex Nov. 10, 1833.

Marble Factory, North Upper Street, Corner of Short Street.



ESPECTFULLY informs the citizens of Lexiog ton and the public generally, that he has now on hand, and will continue to have a general assortment of every article in his line of busi-

Manutoeats, Tombs, Head and Foot Stones; Door Sills and Steps; Window Sills and Heads; Paint Stooes and Mullers; Stones for Saddlers; Impnsing Stones for Pointers; Marble frames for Fire Places; Mortars and Candy

Tables for Confectioners; Milk, Pump and Water Spont Troughs, &c. &c.

All of which he expects to self cheaper than any establishment in the West. The work will be warranted of the hest materials, and excuted in the best manner. Plans can be furnished of oncicut and modern monnments, European and American.

I flatter myself, that, having a stock of work on hand superior to any in the state, and my prices more reasona-ble, that if any person wanting any of the above articles would eall at my shop and judge for themselves, it would be to insure my success.

P. DOYLE. B. Having an unusual large stock of Marble on hand, I propose celling 10 per cent, cheaper than any other shop in the West, that works the same materials. 10 my Shop. F. D. Lexington, October 25, 1838 41 3m -Obe.

UPHOLSTERING PURVETURE & OFFIRS.



N addition to my large and so endi. Stock of FUR-NUTURE and CHAIRS, I have on again the services of an Uphast refrom Landon, who is equile at doing every decription of PRIOLSTERING, on the most modern and a proved style. Such as Draporty, Carrains, Cutting and Laying down Carpets, Paper Hanging. Trimming Pews, &c.; MATTRESSES of every description kept on hand and made to order at my Furniture Establishment, Limestone street, second floor at ove the Jail, where any person wanting any description of Upholstering done, can see drawings and designrom which they can select any style they wish, will be attended to promptly, and done in a style inferior to none in the United States.

JAMES MARCH. Lexington, Nov. 10, 1837 48-tf

NEW GOODS.

ORBAR & BEREITY,

(Nn. 27, Main Street,)

RE now receiving and opening an extensive and well selected associment of British, Frinch, India

MERCHANDIZE.

Their Goods were selected with great care in the Eastern Markets, and comprise all the variety of STAPLE AND FANCY COODS, viz:

Cloths, Cassimetes and Cassimets; French, British and American Prints; Brown and Breached Cotton; Fiannels and Blankets: Muslin De Lains, in great variety; Large Stock of Ribbons and Bourets; Fine and Coarse SHOES and BOOTS, for

Gentlemen; Scotch, Ingrain and Kichlerminster CARPETS; also, Stair and Passage Carpets; QUEENSWARE, GLASSWARE and GRO-

CERIES. Lexington, Nov 29, 1839-48-2m



VALUABLE CITY PROPERTY.

WISH to sell the House and Lot whereou I now ceside, and the corner of High and Main cross street, also the saidler's shop on Main cross street, and the House and Lot of posite the residence of John Peck, on which who may wish to purchase, would of course desire to exanine for themselves.

the property is interest. For terms at ply to FRANCIS KRICKEI.

FRANCIS KRICKEL.

ery low, as I am determinent to leave the state. Lexington, Oct. 11, 1838 41-11

GOELICKE'S

Matchless Sanative:

DANIEL BRADFORD,

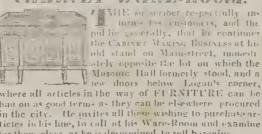
AKES pleasure in announcing to the afflicted, that Price \$2,50 per bottle.

SHILL COMBS REPAIRED.

first Sulsernhor respectfully informs

Lexington, June 25, 1838 26-16

CHERRET WHEE-ROCK.

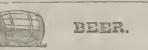


for themselves, as he is determined to sell burgains.

(F) Having provided himself with a FURNITURE
WAGON, all articles bought of him will be delivered any where in the city, free of charge.

JOSEPH MILWARD.

N. B. I am prepared with a HEARSE, and will at tend to Funeral calls, either in the city or enuntry. Lexington, Sept 5, 1838 36-tf



LEXINGTON

BERWER, West Main-Street, opposite Jefferson-Street.

quired for the manufacture of PORTER, ALE AND BEER. He returns thanks to his old customers for their liberal patronage, which has runbled him to stop all IMPOR-TATION, and circulate that CAPITAL in our city and icioity, which tors been for so many years past, distributed in FOREIGN MARKETS.

His BEER season commenced on the first of Septem-er. Orders from the adjacent towns will be artended b. Distillers will be furnished with Malt and Hops, and Farmers supplied with Fall and Spring Barley Send, JOHN R. CLEARY.

Lexington, Nov. 15, 1838.--46-6m

For the Kentucky Gazette. TO ---

I met thee mid the gay and fair, Where all was joy and glee—And marked thy silver ringlets rare, Which hung so richly free.

Around thy neek of purest white, And cheeks of rosy line,
They played in glowing clusters bright,
With smiles forever new!

'Twas on thy brow I quickly traced,
Those features beaming fair—
And know thy charms a beauty graced,
An intellect most rare,

Tho' short the time since first I met,
That graceful form of thine,—
It is enough! I'll ne'er forget!
Thy virtures round me twine.

And if per chance in time to come, I move afar from thee,— While thou shalt grace thy pleasent home, Wilt thou but think of me?

And where e'er my lot is east, Be it on India's sea, -Thy image round my heart shall last, While I remembe thee!

Lexington, Jan. 1839.

MISCULLANY.

BLANNER HASSET.

The following article, which we copy from the Louisville Register, was written by a gene light writer of this article who was in Kingston, tleman, says that paper, 'of high respectability. (I maica) and at Saltey Island last summer who had an opportunity of becoming acquainted with the facis related in his communication.3

Who was Blannerhasset? and what has become

tices of this celebrated personage, is the apology which the writer of this article affers for ever live in Montreal. giving what he believes to be the true history of this man's career, and final exit from the troubles of this world-which will be much easier to do than to write a highly colored picture of things which never existed except in the fancy of some nevel writer. The authority for the facts herein disclosed by the writer, is believed to be authentic, and of the highest character. In the first place, who was Blannerhasset? In answer to experimen's upon common earth, as a material this question our information is, that it was n for the construction of houses; the conclusion of name assumed by an individual whose real name which, if it do not entirely revolutionize the subwhich is a pump of never fading water. It is deemed was Lewis Carr, who was burn in Ireland, as numbered to the country. More has always been stated. His family were highly to be of groat benefit to the country. More respectable, and an elder brother filled the sta- lihan a year ago his attention was turned to the The property is meanenthered, and a perfect title will thou of Secretary to the Government of Calcutta, subject of converting the soil into a material for in the East Indies, to which place young Lewis | huilding; and he soon ascertained that when propwent as an ensign in the engineer department, erly moistened, Leaten, and dried in the sun, is All fodelited to me are requested to come forward and pay their accounts, and there who may have claims upon the, are desired to call and receive their dues as I am about to remove from the state. his commission and seek a place of refuge in the hest adapted to his purpose was neither clay, nor ALSO, FOR SALE-Two or three hundred HORSE city of King ton, in the Island of Jamaica, where the top soil, that is, the purest vege able mould, COLLARS, WAGON HARNESS, WHIPS, &c. &c. he read law and commonced the practise, but a stratum immediate between these two. and also engaged in merchandising, by which | Having tested the durability of the material thus cans, and a secret connection with the buca- prepa neers and pirates who hovered round the West satisfied himself that every where it would be India Islands and or the coast of Mexico, he admirably adapted to purposes of building, he amassed a splended fortune, which he spent with proceeded to rear in the village of Lebanon the equal profusion. While employed in this buis walls of a dwelling house, of this material. The ness, he frequently visited Mexico, and become walls were easily carried up to the intended nequainted with many of the leading men whetheight, rooted, and suffered to remain in that he has of length received a consignment of this invaluable Medicine, which can be had at his Office, No.

were preparing the way for a revolution, which can be had at his Office, No. being a bold, unprincipled intriguer, he was pers for the residence of his own family. During the petually engaged in difficulties, of one kind or last summer, he was encouraged by the success another, until shortly before he came to the Uni. of his first experiment, to make another on a ted States, an intrigue with the wife of one of somewhat larger scale. He has now built and the work of Kingston made that place covered the walls of a two story house, on Main little, we apprehend will be effected, during the this fit inds and the public generally that he has removed its Shop from the make of J. Ban sell, to the Curner of the wealthy citizens of Kingston made that place covered the walls of a two story house, on Main the make of J. Ban sell, to the Curner of the wealthy citizens of Kingston made that place covered the walls of a two story house, on Main the make of J. Ban sell, to the Curner of the wealthy citizens of Kingston made that place covered the walls of a two story house, on Main the make of the wealthy citizens of Kingston made that place covered the walls of a two story house, on Main the make of the wealthy citizens of Kingston made that place covered the walls of a two story house, on Main the make of the wealthy citizens of Kingston made that place covered the walls of a two story house, on Main the make of the wealthy citizens of Kingston made that place covered the walls of a two story house, on Main the make of the wealthy citizens of Kingston made that place covered the walls of a two story house, on Main the make of the wealthy citizens of Kingston made that place covered the walls of a two story house, on Main the make of the wealthy citizens of Kingston made that place covered the walls of a two story house, on Main the wealthy citizens of Kingston made that place covered the walls of a two story house, on Main the wealthy citizens of Kingston made that place covered the walls of a two story house, on Main the wealthy citizens of Kingston made that place covered the walls of a two story house, on Main the wealthy citizens of Kingston made that place covered the walls of a two story house, on Main the wealthy citizens of Kingston made that place covered the walls of a two story house, on Main the wealthy citizens of Kingston made that place covered the walls of a two story house, on Main the wealthy citizens of Kingston made that place covered the walls of a two story house, on Main the wealthy citizens of Kingston made that place covered the walls of a two story house, on Main the wealthy citiz Orleans, and from thence up to Louisville, Ken- make a nail penetrate them. They are built invectives, points of order, and calling the year celebrated Island to the Ohio river, near Mariet- pillars, and are upwards of a foot thick. Mr P. fare of millions is at issue, are to be criminally 4. When he reached New Orleans he assumed use of would be sufficiently m ist for his purpose, tion of privato vanity, or political animosity .--

Masonic Ital formerly stood, and a made her more worthy of Blannerhasset than he where all articles in the way of Ft RNITURE can be had on as good terms as they can be elsewhere procured in the city. Ite mytes all these wishing to purchase articles in his line, to call at his ware-Room and examine Burr received from him such an account of Mcx.

This is performed upon the wall, by means in the city. Ite mytes all these wishing to purchase articles in his line, to call at his ware-Room and examine Burr received from him such an account of Mcx.

Burr received from him such an account of Mcx.

The driest natural state of the soil, which appears to become moist and plastic under the process of become moist and plastic under the process of because made her more worthy of Blannerhasset than he to become moist and plastic under the process of because made her more worthy of Blannerhasset than he to become moist and plastic under the process of because made her more worthy of Blannerhasset than he to become moist and plastic under the process of because made her more worthy of Blannerhasset than he to become moist and plastic under the process of because made her more worthy of Blannerhasset than he to become moist and plastic under the process of because made her more worthy of Blannerhasset than he does not be a defined in the decrease of the soil, which appears to be decreased the made her more worthy of Blannerhasset than he to become moist and plastic under the process of because made her more worthy of Blannerhasset than he does not be a decrease of the soil, which appears to be decreased to be d Burr received from him such an account of Mcx. at the end that comes in contact with the soil. It ico, its wealth, and disposition for revolution, as would seem that the beating, or ramming too, is set) until future events should develope them. While the work is going on, planks are laid up

not be detailed in this stutement.

Nussau, he resumed his true name of Lewis Carr, and soon acquired a handsomo living: but his and I see not why we may not now build towns ger.

by taking sides with the government he was serves a rich reward, elected to the assembly of the Bahamas, and was chosen its speaker about 1829. This was his last clevation to notice; his treatment to his wife and his continual debaucheries and seditions, as no money he could command over stopped his progress, during the years 1831 and 2, he became so embarrassed that he was obliged to leave the Island, and once more returned to Kingston in Jamaica, from which place in 1833 he once more came to the United States, and landed at Philadelphia under his true name Lewis Carr; it is helieved that he for the last time, visited Col. Burr, and soon after was taken sick and died in obscurity in the city of Philadelphia. At least this is the belief of his wife and friends at Nassau.

Thus ended the life of this bold and restless spirit, which, from his entrance into public life until his death, was one continual scene of adventures. The years he lived at Nassau were filled up with intrigues of a personal character, but from the time he left the United States in 1807 until 1833, he never resided any other place than the Island of Providence.

Our informant was the Vice Coreul of the United States, who lives on one of the Saltkey, Bahama Islands, who read law with Blannerhasset, and was afterwards his partner for near 20 years, where he passod under his truo name of Lewis Carr, and often told him this history of his life and connection with Col. Burr, -so that nearly a weath, has acdoubt of the truth of the foregoing narrative. The first and circumstances of his connection with Cot. Burr were fully of him? Having lately seen in the New York detniled, so that here was no room to Go., bt, that and Philadelphia papers, several fictitious no- Mr Blannerhosset was really and truly Lewis Carr. He is not now in france, neither did he | - A few weeks since we published a communi-

From the Prairie Beacon. THE KING OF POTTERS.

Earthen Houses and Barns. Why not earthen Fences tool Mr Potter, of Lebanon, St. Clair County has been engaged for a year or two past in making

that he intended Col. Burr as the military which rary support to the rising walls, while in a soft the principles towns of France: this person could was to advance him to the supreme command of state but to give a uniform face to the sections devise no other means of making himself welmade in the walls for doors and windows, after come to the lady than by writing her a very im-The movements of Col. Burrand Blannerhus- the walls are dry; for those are sawed out of the pertinent letter, and enclosing in it a note of set in the United States, during the year 1805 solid walls, after the house is built, as in the 500f. Feeling the insult very warmly, the lady and ti, we already known, and of course need construction of log houses. But how is it that put the note into the husband's hands, who, to athe builder secures a uniform thickness to his venge himself as a man of wit and good sense. After their projected invasion of Mexico had wills? By means of a strong hox, without top, wrote exactly a similar note to the wife of the failed, and Blannerhasset had broken up at his ends or bottom, and several feet long, which is old gentleman, a young woman like his own, Island, he returned to New Orleans, where he placed upon that part of the wall that is going enclosed in it the 500f. note, and sent it to ner Island, he returned to New Orleans, where he placed upon that part of the want that is going to the lessington Beewery begs leave to inform his old customers, and the lovers of MALT LIQUOR in general, that his Bowery is now in a full state of operation, and that ray ry exertion in his power of the Buhamas, in the West Indies, and settled it a box; but it may be better to say that it is than the cantactrice, gave the letter to her huswill be used to support the high reputation he has act at Nassan, its capital, and recommenced the practise planks, fastened together at two or band, who concealed his astonishment, and aftice of law. In a short time he obtained a lu- three points on the upper edge, and firmly se- fected to treat the affair as one that had better crative practice, and married a lady of one of the cured at a certain distance from each other, be hushed up than made a noise about. His most respectable families of that place, and was soon after disturbed by a visit from his Blanner ness of the wall. When this box has been filled, hasset Island companion, who gave him much lits sides are loosened, and it is removed to anoth- disposed to take it so easily; and accordingly trouble before he could get her to retire in peace; er part of the wall, or carried higher. Mr P has went off to the cantatrice to tell her of her huswhich she did, and soon after returned to the calculated the expense of his earthen houses at three fifths the cost of a brick one. Thus the sued, and the result has been a legal demand of of one of the southern states. When settled in scrucity and dearness of lumber in the west, separation, corps et biens, made by the lady

restless spirit and intriguing disposition kept him and cities on every prairie. It is understood constantly invoved in difficulties, and his treat- that Mr P. intends taking out a patent for his inment of his wife was cruel in the extreme; yet vention His ingennity and persevernuce de-

From the Louisville Journal.

Pertrair Painting - We yesterday lind the pleasure of visiting the room of Mr Oliver Frazer, on 5th street, near Jesserson. Mr F. was the favorite pupil of Jouitt. He commenced his profession of portrait painter 8 or 9 years ago, in Lexington. The early productions of his pencil discovered extraordinnry talent, and clearly evinced, that with the proper opportunities he would eventually rank with the first of American artists. After painting many portraits, some of which are now regarded as admirable specimens of art, he visited Europe, where he remained for three years and a half, pursuing his studies through the whole of that long period with the zeal of one whose nature glows with all the enthusiasm and genius of a true artist. Something mare than a year ago, he returned to Lexington. His productions since his return show, that the time and money which he spent in Europe were not mas-spent. If before he visited Europe ho was the best native western nrtist, he stands now side by side with the first of American artists. Mr F. has but one fault that can be called which seems inseparable from true genius-he is too modist, too shy in placing himself before the public eye He is desirous, that his works shall speak for him, and, though he has but few specimens at his room, there are enough to satisfy any true connoisseur, that he deserves all we have said of him. In his name, we invite the lovers of his art to visit his sooin.

From the Wntertown (N. Y.) Standard.

IMPORTANT EXPERIMENT IN PLANTING CORN. cation from a correspondent, giving the results of an experiment in planting corn, by Hart Massey, Esq. of this village. Mr. Massey called upon us on Saturday last to correct un important error in said communication, and invited us perschally to examine the said field, which we accordingly did, and now give the results of our obser-

Mr. Massey took the seed corn with which he lanted the field, a small quantity, and soaked t in a solution of salnitre, commonly called salts petre, and planted five rows with the seeds thus prepared The remainder of the field, we believe, was planted by the same in lividual. Now for the result. The five rows planted with corn prepared with salpetre, will yield more than twenty-five rows planted without the preparation. The five rows were nn'ouched by the worms, while the remainder of the field suffered severely by their depredations. We should judge hat not one kernel saturated by saltpetre was touched, while almost every hill in the adjoining rows suffored severely. No one who will examine the field can doubt the efficacy of the preparation. He will be astonished at the striking d fference between the five rows and the remainder of the field.

Here is a simple fact, which if seasonable and generally known would have saved many thousand of dollars to the farmers of this county along in the article of corn. It is a fact, which should be universally known, and is, in all probability. Carr foresaw must brenk out in a short time; and thoroughly dry. The house was then fitted unlime of the greatest discoveries of modern times in the neglected science of agriculture,

CONGRESS.

mcky, where, or in that section, he purchased upon a stone foundation; those of the first were and nays. The great interests of the nation, same property, and healty located himself on the carried up from common sills resting upon brick the prosecution of measures on which the welta. This move took place near the year 1803 or supposes, that in ordinary seasons the earth made neglected, or uticily forgotten, in the gratificathe name of Blannerhasset. The benutiful and without the addition of water, which during the How far the public will sanction such an abuse politic accordity, that in continues the name of Blannerhasset. The benutiful and without the addition of water, which during the late complished lady who accompanied and lived of trust, power, and privilege, remnins to be seen.

Were little water, however, is employed; even in had many fascinating accomplishments, which the driest natural state of the soil, which appears will, of redressing its grievances, and through had many fascinating accomplishments, which the driest natural state of the soil, which appears will, of redressing its grievances, and through

> An anecdote to the following purport is going seduced him into the project of invading it, and rather a nice process; since, if it be carried too the round of the papers:-One of the most pleasthe question us to who should be the great man, far, it is found that the walls become friable when ling cantatrices of the Persian stage was a short was one reserved by Lewis Carr, (Blannerhas- dry, and are disposed to crack and crumble, time since on a provincial tour with her husband when she found herself exposed to the disagreeaselves; as Carr always declared to his friends edgewise in the middle, not only to give tempo- hie assaduities of a rich old Turcaret of one of

From the Pontiae (Mich) Herald. MRS. LOUNT'S LETTER.

Postiac, June 12, 1833. To the Hon. John Robinson,

Chief Justice of Upper Canada. Sin-Woman cann t redress her wrengs-Her feeble urm is powerless! even were justice to be reached with certainty through fatigues in the tented field, and liberty be given to an oppressed, englived, and insulted people, 'tis not woman who should lead the way. It belongs to the "lion hoart and eagle eye" of your sex, sir, to lead in war, to mantain a people's rights, to you, sir, Canada can never look for assistance. It has been said by an eminent author, that every man has his price, and however unjust the remark is with regard to others, I conceive it well

applies to yourself. This letter I intend as a partial exposure of the sufferings of myself and family and of the execution for treason of my beloved husband, Samuel Lount, M. P. P. I would remark that my husband was born in the State of Pennsylvania, in the year 1791, and emigrated to Canada when about 23 years of age. He had taken the oath of allegiance, and had become an adopted citizen of the Province. He was a reformer and a subject. He had become familiar with the constitution and laws of Great Britian, and where they were regarded and justly administered it gave him pleasure. During his life time he had frequently been requested by his fellow citizens to become a candidato for a seat in the Provincial Parliament, but refused repeatedly. At length however, he was taken up and cleeted While in Parliament, he became acquainted with the leading men of the country, and being a fiberalist in his opinions, united his political fortune with Dr. Rolfe, Mr MacKenzic, and other distinguished gentleman, who beheld with regret the corruptions of the government. They saw a rich and fertile country almost prostrate and ruined-a noble people possessed of the feeling and aympathies of men, trampled upon by the mercenary wretches whose places in office gave them power. Year after your Canadian griev ances became more nlarming, until almost the entire population groaned for relief-groaned beneath the yoke of their bondage. This, sir, no one knows better than yoursell. And while scated upon the judical bench, enjoying one of the highest offices in Canada, togother with others, conceived the noble thought of working a civil revolution in the Province, and give liberty to a people whose claims you have since the outbreak of the war, most difigently labored to rivit eloser upon them. This, with all your independence and seeming purity, you dare not deny. He whom you have been instrumental in consigning to the grave, and, whose spirit is as pure as the angels in heaven, testilies to your guilt, despicahle and most horrid-as friend, co-patriot, traitor and Judge.

True it is that my dear husband, whom your laws have torn from me and from his helpless children, espoused sincerely the cause of reform. Had the plans succeeded—the reform would have been obtained-the Governor secured-and the Province freed "ithout the shedding of a drop of human blood. Had not the mistako been made for rallying, the arms of the Provence would have been taken by consent, and Sir Francis have been held in their power to answer for his oppressions. Those with whom my husband acted, were moved by the impulse of noble and generous sympathics. They panted not for offices, for those they enjoyed—they thirsted not threne, to rid Canada of a tyrant, and effect a tions of an almost heart-broken wife at the civil revolution that would give happiness and prosperity to the country. Ilad they been suc cessful Canadians to the latest posterity would

have blest them.

But, sir, all is not over yet. No Government whose only acts are those of violence and eruelty, whose statute book is stained with the blood of innocent sufferrers, and whose land is watered by the tears of widows and orphans, can long stand contiguous to a nation abounding with free institutions O Canada! my own country, from which I am now exiled hy a party whose mercy is worse than death-I love thee still! Destruction hath overtaken thy brightest ornaments, and the indignant feelings of thy sons burn upon their hearts, but they dare not give utterance to their thoughts. How many mothers have suffered like mc, the loss of home and all that could make that home pleasant. This, however, could have been borne. They who love liberty, and prize their independence above all earthly things regard not the loss of property. I do not write to excite your sympathy, for that I neither expect or covet; I write that Canada may know her children will not silently submit to the most egregious outrage upon private property, and even life itself. Sir, it beggars description, and is beyond my competency to relate my sufferings while s subject and a citizen of Canada. For the generous acts of a brave and noble hearted man I have seen his son taken before his mother's eyes, tied like a galey slave, and driven to prison a felon: nye, merc--I have seen the in nocent youth covered with wounds received from a drunken and brutal soldiery, whose election it was to do the dirty work of efficials. I have, seen my husband's house pillaged, and his parlor made a soldier's camp, his property confiscated, bondage. She will be free. The lion will give and his heart broken wife and six children thrown upon the charity of the cold world. I have beheld the husband and farther in prison, condemned to death without the least shudaw of a crime proved against him. I ask in the name of my country, are acts like these to be tolerated by an English Government, or is there on this earth an Englishman who does not blush at the recital of such acts of crucky?

Sir, the officers of the Government of Canada, civil and military, are placed over the people without their consent. They form a combinntion too powerful for the prayers of an humble citizen to move. Be their acts however corrupt, the law is by themselves administered, and consequently they are beyond its reach, while if the private citizen offended, he is neither safe in his property or person. If those things are so, I ask As a specimen of the dinners provided on board you how long will the people of Canada tamely of the Great Western, our readers may take the aubmit? Will they not soon rise in their strongth following bill of fare: Breakfast-6 dishes as one man, and burst asunder the chains that broiled hain, 2 do fish, 6 do mutton chops, 100 bind them to the earth, and revolutionize and eggs in omeleits, 6 dishes devilled legs poultry,

tieo eruchy. ted I learned that Gov. Arthur had visited the dance .- Bristol Mirror. orison, and it was hoped that mercy had called im thither. But there was no mercy in his obdurate heart--cruelty is the reigning demon of his passions. When Mr Lount was arrested and carried bound to Toronto, Limmediately repaired there, but was not allowed by the Governor to sce him. He told me that my husband "looked do or die in redressing their wrongs, to save their well." This I afterwards found to be false, as country from oppression and slavery. But to he had suffered much. An officer in the regular army. Capt. Fuller, finally obtained a pass for me, and I was allowed to go with him, and once see my husband. I found him a shadow, pale, and debilitated. Poor man! here I beheld him in prison, not that he had burned a city, for he had saved Toron'o from flames-not that he had taken the lives of his enemies, for he was opposed to the shedding of blood. But he had opposed himself to the oppressors of his countrymenand for this was doomed to suffer. On his trial he plead guilty-guilty of aiding in the revolution, nothing more. And for this was dooined to suffer death, which sentence was pronounced by your Honor, and on which oceasion, I am informed, you trifled with his feelings and acted the demon. When I learned the result of the trial, I was again permitted to visit my husband, Learning that the Governor had been to see him, I was anxious to know the result of the interview. He told me 'it would be no satisfaction to I asked him if the Governor spoke kindy? He said, "No, he spoke harsh, and only dded insult to injury." The day before my husband was executed, I, in company with a lady I Toronto, visited the Governor. On entering the room he requested me to sit down, but my errand was of importance. I old him that I was the wife of Samuel Lount, and had come hefore him to plead for mercy. He appeared obstinate and refused my petition. Thirty fire thousand of his subjects also asked him to interpose his power and save my busband from the sentence of the law. I then knecled before him in behalf of my husband. With an air of disdain, he told me 'not to kneel to me, but to kneel to my God!" I replied that I was kneeling in prayer to the Al. mighty that he would soften his heart, I told him my husband did not fear to die-that he was prepared for death; but it was his wife and children asking for his life to be spared. To this he succeingly replied, that "if he was now prepared for death, he might not be so well propored at another time." O! monster, that he is to rule a virtuous people! He said they did not condemn ny husband because he was guilty. "I do know (said he) if Roll and Mackenzie were here mercy would be shown to litm. Two lives were lost at Montgomery's and two must now suffer.' At another time he said, "there were others conerned in this rebelling," and intimated that if my hashand would expose them, he might yet go elear; but my husband always said he would, never expose others, or bring them into difficulty; the cause he collisted in was a good one, and hefore he would expose Mackenzie'a Council, he would himself be sacrificed.

Thus far neither prayers or petitions could subduc the hard heart of the Governor, and I gave up my husband as lest to me and to Canada. The and morning came! the victim was led out! and the endearing husband and farther fell a MARTYR in the eause of Chnadian Reform! Though thousands had petioned for his respite. that his case might be laid before the home Govfor blood, for Canadians were their brothers—
ernment; all was of no avail. Petitions, moistened by virtuous tears, nor the humble supplicaof the Canadian Governor could touch his heart or move his compassion. Did the law of honor or justice require this useless flow of blood, then I could not censure him. Every thing high and honorable-all that was generous and great in Canada, called upon Sir George Arthur in a voice of thunder to interpose his power, and rescue the life of a citizen whom Thirty-five Thousand Canadians had petitioned to save. Call you this English humanity? Call you him a fit Govornor to rule Canada?

Sir, could a tale of human suffering lead you to feel another's wee, I could relate a scries of hardships brought upon me and my orphan children, by you, and others of the Tory party in manly eves.

Was it for fear of an enraged and insulted eople that Governor Arthur refused a defenceess woman the corpse of her murdered husband? No, for that people had no arms to defend themselves with. Why, then, when upon my bended knee, I begged the body of my husband, did he send me from his presence unsatisfied? The wrongs of Canada, and the blood of that innocent man, prey upon his mind, and he, like a coward tyran!, dare not let my husband's friends behold the iniquitous work he had done. He ty. feared that, when they saw the manly corses of Lount and Mathews, the generous sympathies of a noble people, who have toe long been ruled by threats, might rise and retributive justice fall with ten fold force upon himself and those who were his chief advisers. But sir, this relation is sickening and heart rending, and I shall close my letter to you that I may draw my mind from the horrible subject. Canada cannot long remain in way, and a bold star will eventually ornament the Canadian Standard sheet. Then will the Releases him from the restraints of the decree in Jeffernames of Canada marryrs be sung by poets and son Chancery court, and permits him to marry at any extolled by orators; while those names that now give law to the biseding people of Canada, will be loathed and forgotton by the civilized world.

And now, by the cruelty of the government, I find myself a widow, driven from home and kindred and a stranger in a strage land. I shall close this letter by saying that my husband, just | land before his tragic death, said he "he freely forgave them (he Tories) for their cruelty, and that he was prepared to meet his God in peace." ates ten dollars to each, for apprehending a robber.

85. An act to change the name of James Jameson and ELIZABETH LOUNT.

BILL OF FARE ON THE GREAT WESTERN,diseathral Canada from the grasp of tyranny? 6 dishes Indian meal. Dinner-6 tureens mock Sir, savage nations respect my sex, and their turtle, 2 dishes venison, I roust turkeys, 4 couple female captives are treated with kindness. Your of ducks, 4 dishes roast beef, 4 do codfish, 1 Lexington, Nov 29, 1808-1801

Governor and his Council, together with a man couple of chickens, to dishes fried oysters, &c. jurity of your party, during the late difficulties 4 do stewed oysters, 4 do builed mutton, 4 do neither respected private property nor the harm- macaroni, 6 do baked mashed potatoes, 6 do less and unoffending woman. With him and his mashed turnips, 6 do mashed potatoes, 6 do parsminions, all were fit subjects on whom to prac- nips, 6 do plain potatoes, 6 plum puddings, 6 custard do, 6 raspberry do. 6 apple da, 6 cran-After my lamented husband had been convic- berry do, 2 cherry do, and all wines in abun-

> FATAL WRECK OF A SPANISH SHIP. NEW ORLEANS, Jan. 9.

Melancholly Shipwreck and loss of Life .- 'I'he Spanish barque Argonaute, Capt. Avila, hound to Havana, from Sentander, went ashore on Gingerbread Key, on the morning of Tuesday, the 1st instant, at 8 o'clock. The captain, mate, crew, and seven passengers, (in all twonty four souls,) took to the boats, and reached Cat Key in safety, leaving forty-seven passengers on board all of whom perished! 'The Arab, Captain G. Chase, brought to the city, this morning, sixteen of those that escaped, and the remaining eight of those that escaped, and the remaining eight of those that escaped and the remaining eight of the city of the city, this morning, sixteen of those that escaped, and the remaining eight of the city of the city, this morning, sixteen of the city of the city, this morning, sixteen of the city went in the ship Leonidas to Mobile. The names of those who perished can be seen at the office of the Spanish Consul.

Too much praise cannot be given to Captain Chase for his humane conduct in taking off Cat Key Island the surviving sufferers of the Argonaute. Those saved had subsisted 43 hours without food or nourishment of any kind.

Eight of the above-named crew were kindly taken on board the ship Leonilas, Captain Akerman, bound to Mobile, who generously followed the example of humanity set by Capt. George Chase of the Arab .- Courier.

> For the Kentucky Gazette. THE EMIGRANT TO HIS BRIDE. Come away with me Mary,
> Come away with me,
> With the hand the heart Mary,
> True levers may not part Mary,

Come away with me

To valley calm or mountain siry, Forest close or open prairie, Come away with me Mary, Come away with me.

Come away with me Mary, Come away with mc, Happiness's in view Mary, We will prove it true Mary, Come away with me:

To valley ealm or mountain airy, Forest close or open prairie, Come away with me Mary, Come away with me.

Come away with me Mary, Come away with me, Together smile or sigh Mary, Together live and die Mary, Come away with me

From the Frankfort Commonwealth. ACTS PASSED AND APPROVED.

57. An act for the benefit of the sheriff of Lawrence Relates to his settlement with the Auditor. 58. Anaet providing that certain legacies and devises hall not lapse. Legacies and devises to children and grand children not to lapse by the death of legatee or devisee before testator; provided such legatee or devi-see shall have children living at the death of the testator, who would have taken as heir by descent, or as distributee of the legatee or devisee.

59. An act to continue in force an act to allow the

Independent Banks of this Commonwealth further time to collect and settle their concerns, approved January 5, 1836, and for other purposes. Continues the act in force for five years, and gives the Banks the same power to sue and be sued, as if their chart is had not expired or 60. An act for the benefit of the sheriffs of Owen and

Butler counties. Relates to settlements with Auditor. 61. An act for the benefit of Matthew Reid, and the infant children of Samuel M. Smith, deceased. Appropriates 36 dollars to Reid, and the like sum to Smith's heirs, for the apprehension of Roswelt Sturdevant, and committing him to the jail of Montgomery county, 62. An act to amend an act, entitled an act estab

ing the town of Ghent, in Gallatin county 63. An act to authorise certain land warrants to be surved in the county of Clinton. Relates to lands appropriated to improve Grider's hill, in Clinton county. 34. An act to establish the town of Pleasant Hill, in Calloway county.
65. An act for the benefit of the aheriffs of Christian,

Wayne and Pulaski counties. 66. An act to allow additional Constables to the coun ties of Spencer and Calloway. Allows one to each.

67. An act to allow an additional Justice of the Peace

to the county of Clay. 68. An act to allow an additional Constable in the

ounty of Logan. 69. An act for the benefit of the heirs and representa-

ob. An act for the benefit of the heirs and representatives of Eliza Murray, deceased. Authorises a petition to be filed in the Breekenridge Circuit Court.

70. An act to establish a state road from Litchfield, in Grayson county, to Mumfordville, in Hart county. Canada, that would call the full-grown tears to Appoints as commissioners, Hiram Carrico, of Grayson and Henry Harrell, John Craddock, Washington Self. and James O. Logsden, of Hart, and prescribes their

71. An act for the benefit of Willie Sugg. Releases a forfeiture to a part of a tract of land. 72. An act abolishing an election precinct in Caacy county. Repeals the precinct established by the act of December 5, 1822.

73. An act to establish an election precinct in the county of Allen. Establishes it at the house of Wil-

liam Siddons, Jr. 74. An act for the benefit of the Sheriff of Muhlenburg county. Relates to settlement with the Auditor. 75. An act for the benefit of the sheriff of Clay coun-76. An act for the benefit of the sheriff of Henderson

ty. Relates to settlement with the Auditor,
. An act for the benefit of the sheriff of Calloway ounty. Relates to his settlement with the Auditor. 78. An act to incorporate the town of Francesburg,

79. An act allowing further time to enter and surve Kentucky land warrants, and to return plats and certificates of survey. Extends the time until January 1, 1841, and prescribes the duty of the Register.

80. An act for the benefit of Mary Kimes. Appropriates \$250 to her for keeping and maintaining John Kimes, an idiot, from 1829 to 1838.

81. An act for the benefit of Henry G. A. Blankman.

82. An act for the benefit of Keziah Craycraft. Divorces her from William Craycraft.

83. An act for the benefit of Henry Clay, jr. Directs the Auditor to pay him \$198—the same having been paid by said Clay, upon land in Jesseson, listed for taxation in 1836, and he having given in the same land as a resident of Equation.

S4. An act for the benefit of John Cobb. Hezekiah Willis, Perry Waters and Shepherd Burch. Appropri-George Rook. Changes the name of Jameson to that of Modrell, and that of Rook to George Washington Farris.

dent of Fayette, thus paying double tax on the same

PORK WANTED.

WISH to purchase 40 or 50,000 weight of MER-CHANTABLE PORK, delivered at Capt. Armstead Blackwell's, within one mile and a half of Colh, ville, 15 miles from Lexington, near the Winchester road) The Hogs will be received on foot or slaughtered, as may age of 25 tickets will be sent for \$140-Shares in pro-The Hogs with the person selling.

E. I. CRUTCHFIELD.

six miles from Lexington, on the waters of Shannon's run, Fayette county, near the Versailles Turn-pike Road. The tract contains about 75 ACRES; about 20 acres of which are fine for Hemp. There is an excellent spring and plenty of good stock water, and a good Dwelling House. Those wishing to purchase, would do well to call and examine the Land. Terms moderate. Enquire of Mr. James O'Meara, Lexington, or to the subscriber 6 miles from Lexington, on the Versailles road.

P. DORSEY. Versailles road. P. DC Jan. 10, 1839 2-3t TObserver 3 times.

RANAWAY

PROM the mouth of the Wabash, on the 22d October, a negro man pamed LAWSON, about 22 years of uge, about 5 feet 8 inches high, weighs about 150 lbs., remarkably well made; hlack; has a small foot and an. of uge, about 5 feet 8 inches high, weighs about 150 lbs., remarkably well made; black; has a small foot and ankle; no marks recollected, except those on his back, is cunning and artful. He was purchased of the estate of John Bruce, Esq. of Lexington, and when last heard from was on his way to Lexington. A liberal reward A. WICKLIFFE. Nov. 15, 1838 46-tf

RESERVED GINGER AND CITRON .-- A few cases in fine order, and superior quality, just reecived and for sale.

B. F. CRUTCHFIELD, No 10, Main-st. Nov 29, 1838.

AUCTION

COMMISSION STORE.

der the firm of CAVINS & BRADFORD, for the purpose of trunsacting the AUCTION and COMMISSION BUSINESS, in this City, hegleave to inform their friends and the public generally, that they have opened in Ham's Row, nearly opposite the General Opposition Stage Office, where they are prepared to attend to sales of Dry Goods, Groceries, Furniture, &c.

1. T. CAVINS. I. T. CAVINS, JAS. B. BRADFORD.

Lexington, Nov 22, 1838-47-tf (C)-Sales of Real or Personal Estats, attended to in any part of the City or County.

> LOTTERIES UNGER THE MANAGEMENT OF D. S. GREGORY & CO.

Prompt, Punctual and Personering!

REMINISCENCES.

REMINISCENCES.

Retrospections are but too often attended with pain and regret—but after a period of 15 years, during which term S. J. Sylvester has been constantly engaged in the same business, he can triumphantly assert that his exertions have been most eminently successful, and that the early information conveyed by the Reporter, and the prompt attention to Correspondents have been productive of Fortunes to Thousands.

S. I. Sylvester is both provided and happy to thank his

S. J. Sylvester is both proud and happy to thank his friends for their patronage, and to assure them of unabated zeal in all that appertains to every branch of his business; and respectfully invites a particular attention to the very Brilliant Schemes to be drawn in FEBRU-ARY—equal to any ever before offered, and in which Sylvester is determined to see some of the CAPITALS. The public is reqested to be careful

S. J. SYLVESTER, THE HOLDER OF THE CAPITAL WILL RECEIVE \$30,000 NET!

Virginia Wel.burgh Lottery, Class 1, for 1839—to be drawn at Alexandria, Vn. Feb. 2—78 numbers, 12 ballots.

	SCHI			
1 Prize of	\$35,294,	10 Priz	es of	\$1,500.
1 "	12,000,	30 "		1,200
1 "	7,000,	50 "		1,000
1 "	3,895,	50 .4		500.
1 "	2,500,	70 "		200.
Tickets only	\$10. A ceri	tificate of a	Pack	age of 20
wholes will be s	ent for \$140	Shares in	propo	rtion.

GRAND SCHEME. Virginia State Lettery For the benefit of the Monongalia Academy. Class I, for 1839, to be drawn at Alexandria Va. Feb. 9, 1839.

	GRAND CA	APITA	ILS.	
I Prize of-	\$30,000.	1	Prize	of-\$2,165.
1 "	10,000.	25	6.4	1,000.
1 "	7,000.	50	6.6	500.
1 "	5,000.	50	6.6	200.
1 "	4,000.	88	6.6	150.
I er	3,000.			
Tickets only	Ten Dollars.	A cer	tificat	e of a package

\$130. Shares in proportion.

Consolidated Lot cries of Maryland. Class No. 5 for 1839. To be drawn at Baltimore Md. Feb. 13, 1839.

I Daine of 600 000 I 00 p : c cr.	000.
I Prize of—\$20,000, 20 Prizes of—\$1,	
	500.
1 " 3,000, 30 "	250,
	200.
1,057,	

50,000 DOLLARS.

Virginia Plate Lettery. For the benefit of the Mechanical Benevolent Society of Norfolk. Class No. 1, for 1839. To be drawn at Alexandria Va. Feb. 16, 1839.

SPLENDID SCHEME. -\$50,0<mark>00,</mark> 10,000, 10 Prizes of-5,000, 4,000, 3,000, 2,000. 100 "

Tickets Ten Dollars—Shares in proportion. A certicate of package of 25 whole tickets will be sent for only \$120. Halves, Quarters and Eighths in proportion.

Mayland Ttate Lottery. Class 3, for 1839, to be drawn at Baltimore, Md. Feb.

SCHEME. 20 Prizes of \$1,000, 20 20 5,000, 3,000, 155 Tickets only Five Dollars. A certificate of a package

of 25 whole tickets will be sent for \$65 -Shares in pro-

Nirginia State Lotter !.

For the benefit of the Town of Wheeling. Class I, for I839, to be drawn at Alexandria Va. Feb. 23, 1839. CAPITALS. 30 Prizes of ____ \$1,500 10,099, 8,000, 5.000. 100 Tickets only Ten Pollars. A certificate of a Packportion.

> S. J. SYLVESTER, 130 broadway, and 22 Wall-st.

WILL sell a small tract of VALUABLE LAND, TIMMING!

James Burch & J. C. Noble, Have entered into a Co-partnership in the above business, and taken the stand lately occupied by E. S. Noble, dec'd, on HUNT'S ROW.

House-gutters, Ptove-jupe and Ptoves,

style, as they have procured the services of a First Rato Eastern workman, and one of the firm (Mr. Burch) will superintend the business of the establishment. They invite their friends and the public to give them a call.
Lexington, Jan. 8, 1839.

A T a meeting of the Mayor and Board of Council-men of the city of Lexington, January 14 1839, he following ordinance was passed:

An ordinance to amend an ordinance, in relation to he granting of Liceuses:-Whereas, by the 11th section of an act, passed by the Legislature of Kentucky, entitled an act to amendan act, approved Dec. 8, 1831, entitled an act, to incorporate the City of Lexington, it was enacted, "that no license to keep a coffee house or victualling house, or a flouse for retailing spirituous or other liquors, shall be granted by the council upon the payment of a sum of money less than one hundred dollars:" And whereas, by the existing ordinances, tavern licenses are granted,

ermitting the retailing of spirituous and other liquors, or a less sum than \$100,—therefore, for a less sum than \$100,—therefore,

Sec. 1. Be it ordained by the Mayor and Board of Councilmen of the City of Lexington, That hereafter, no tavern license shall be granted, with a license to retail liquors, except upon the payment to the City Treasurer of the sum of one hundred dollars in advance.

Sect. 2. Be it further ordained, That hereafter no license to keep a coffee house poster boxes, victualling.

license, to keep a coffee house, porter house, victualling house, or any other license for the retailing of spirituous or other liquors, (except tavern licenses as above) shall be granted, except upon the payment, in advance to the City Treasurer, of an annual tax of two hundred and fifty dollars; and not then, unless the applicant can produce to the Mayor and Conneil the written petition, in favor of the same, of a majority of the bona fide house keepers of the tenements on the square upon which said coffee house, or other houses for retailing as aforesaid, is proposed to be kept, and of those on that portion of the quare opposite said house, fronting on the same street with said house proposed to be licensed, and the clerk of he City is directed to describe the location of each house

to the occupant of which a license may issue, on the body of said license, and upon the Records of the city Sect. 3. Be it further ordained, That licenses may be granted by the Mayor and Board of Councilmen to be granted by the Mayor and Board of Councillies to such persons as may apply, therefore to keep taverns or confectionaries, without the retail of spirituous or other liquors, upon the payment in advance, to the City Treasurer, of the annual tax of twenty dollars: Province that take an Treasurer, of the annual tax of twenty dollars: Provided, that the person obtaining such license shall take an oath, before the Mayor and Council, or produce to them a certificate of a justice of the peace, that he or she has taken said oath, prior to the issuing of such license, that he or she will not, during the continuance of such license, retail any spirituous or other liquors, nor keep the same to be given may as an inducement, either dis the same to be given away as an inducement, either directly or indirectly, to the obtaining of custom to their

house or houses then licensed.

Seet. 4. Be it further ordained, That should any person sell or retail any spiritous or others liquors, or keep a tavern, or other public houses of entertainment, without having first obtained a ticense therefore, agreeably to the ordinances, he or she, so offending, shall forfeit and pay to the use of the City, the sum of \$20 for each offence, to be enforced by indictment or by war-

cach offence, to be emoted rant, in the name of the city.

C. II. WICKLIFFE, Mayor.

J. P. Megowan, Clerk.

T a meeting of the Mayor and Board of Councilmen of the City of Lexington, Jan. 14, 1839, the following resolutions were unanimousty adopted;

Resolved, That in the opinion of this Council the multiplicity of coffee, porter, and victualling houses for the retail of spiritnous and other liquors, is a great cvil tending to corrupt and demoralize the youth of our city, and injurious to the families of those who frequent them, and to the community at large.

Resolved, That this Council will not grant a license to any such house, not now licensed.

Resolved, That this Council will not grant tavern license to any one, unless they are satisfied that the person applying therefor, intends bona fide, to keep a tavein, and not a tipling house, unless, also they are satisfied that the tavern applied for shall be necessary

and proper for the accommodation of the public.

Resolved, That in the opinion of this Council, eight Tickets only Ten Dollars. A certificate of a package taverns, with license to retail, are abundant for the ne-

shall be granted during any one year.

C. II. WICKLIFFE, Mayor J. P. MEGOWAN, Clerk City

Lex. jan 17 3 3t

T a meeting of the Mayor and Board of Councilmen of the City of Lexington, January 14th 1839, the following resolutions were adopted:

Whereas, from the petitions on this day presented to ne Mayor and Board of Councilnien, they are satisfied that a large majority of the citizens of Lexington are in 1 " 2,000, 40 " 200, favor of an appropriation by the City, to aid in the creetion of a new edifice for, and the colargement of the Library and Apparatus of the Medical Dopartment of Transylvania University: Therefore,

Resolved, That Messrs Lewis, Bodley and Loavy on a committee to request the Legislature of Kentucky, now in session, to pass a law authorizing the Mayor and Board of Councilmen of rexington to issue, from time to time, the Script of the City, payable at some distant day. (not less than twenty years,) for such sums as they may deem proper, for the erection of buildings, and such other things as they may deem necessary and proper, for the advancement of the interests of any of the days they have the days the such of Translusia.

proper, for the advancement of the interests of any of the departments of Transylvania University. Resolved, That the Clerk of the City copy said pe-titions and all the signatures attached thereto on the records of the Council, and file away the originals for preservation

C. II. WICKLIFFE, Mayor.
Lex. jnn 17 3 3t J. P. Megowan, Clerk City. GREEN-HILL BOARDING SCHOOL.

VIIIS Institution having been permanently established in a high and healthy situation, 2 miles South of Lexington, will be continued the ensuing year, (1839.) The 5th annual term will commence on the 1st Monday in January. The term will be divided into two Sessions of 5 months each, allowing a recess of 3 weeks at the close of the first session.

The course of instruction embraces nll the branches of a thorough and polite education. Much care and exer-tion aroused to inculcate Opinions, Feelings, and Manners, founded in Magnanimity, Right Reason and Christian Morality; it being quite as inportant to develope and educate the Moral as the intellectual faculties. The Stadents are required to read and study the Scriptures a part of each Lord's day, and when the weather is savorable, attend Church in Lexington.

The price per scholar, for the ensuing term, will be \$150, if paid in advance- if not paid in advance \$175. will invariably be charged, one half of which will be due at the end of each session. Music on the Piano, Use of the end of each session. Attaste on the Fiano, Use of the Piano, Drawing, and Painti g, and Books and Stationary, to be extra charges. The charge for Music will be \$25, Use of Piano \$3, and Drawing and Painting \$12 per session. Books and Stationary will be charged at the

Lexington retail prices.

No student will be received for a less time than the whole term, unless by special arrangement with the Principal, and any one entering the school as a student, without previous arrangement, will be considered a scholar for the whole term, and must pay accordingly. No deduction will be made for absence or loss of time, except in cases of long continued illues.

Application may be made at the Store of B. W. & II.

B. Torp, Lexington, or at the School.

HUGH B. TODD, Principal.

Nov 22, 1838 47-2m

KENTUCKY GAZETTE.

LEXINGTON: THURSDAY, JANUARY 31, 1889.

The Bill incorporating the Southern Bank of Kentucky, has passed the House of Representabut is intended to be made in a supplemental bill. The capital of the Bank is two millions. There are to be three branches located South of Greenby the President and Directors.

With infinite regret, we have heard of the rejection of the C'arleston Rail-Road Bank, by a vote former. of 52 to 48. We acknowledge ourselves somemay, in some way, again come before the Legislature, and ultimately receive the sanction of that mediately waited on the new commander-in-chief mits, but Omoa nullifies this decree. There is ham had called a meeting of all the merchants in body. The justice and liberality extended to the to ascertain the footing on which the American trouble enough. Southern part of the State, in the passage of their citizens would be placed. He received them with From the Continent we have Paris dates to De-plain to them the motives of his conduct whilst Bank Bill by so large a majority, would seem to marked respect, and replied to their interrogatories, cember 17, with the French King's speech. It is there. warrant this conclusion.

Rail-Road Accident.—The Frankfort Common-Rincon, and had directed his (Rincon's) recall to lie. Holland was preparing to march troops to the wealth of yesterday has the following account of Mexico for trial, and placed him (Santa Anna) in Belgian frontier. The Sardinian Government, it an accident on the Rail-Road. We are sorry to say that two of our citizens, Messrs. Jeremiah miral that it was the determination of the Mexistreaty with the United States. A charge d'Affairs day evening last. The object of the meeting of from Sardinia reached here yesterday, in the pack-the Company was to take into consideration the an accident on the Rail-Road. We are sorry to Kirtley and Benj. Gratz, were considerably but not than yield any one point for which they had con- et ship from Havre. seriously injured:

RAIL ROAD ACCIDENT ON THE INCLI-NED PLANE.

On Monday evening, the Car from Lexington, after more settled." on Monday evening, the Car from Lexington, after being detached from the horses, was pushed by hand (as is customary) to the brink of the plane, and got upon the inclination before the car, with the breakers, was received by Admirate inclination before the car, with the breakers, was ready to receive it. The consequence was, that it commenced descending with great velocity. The passengers jumped out as rapidly as they could, and all succeeded in getting out before it had reached the deep cut. Many were much bruised and stunned by the force with which they were hurled to the ground, but fortunately to every citizen of Lexington. From Canada, we learn that Sir John Colborne was to be installed on Wednesday as Governor of British North America. Five prisoners in Monday ground," when the war whose of the savington. Brown Canada, we learn that Sir John Colborne was to be installed on Wednesday as Governor of British North America. Three dispensations of the 11th regiment had reached Quebec Washead on every hill and through every visions of the 11th regiment had reached Quebec was heard on every hill and through every visions of the 11th regiment had reached Quebec from New Drunswick. The Quebec Gazette confidence of the reported proposition as to the Consort. At 4 a. in. the boats of the French squadery containing between twelves. Office of the Court of Appeals, and Mr. Campbell, a carriage maker, were the persons whose limbs were broriage maker, were the persons whose limbs were bro-

A fire broke out in Louisville on Sunday morning last, by which we learn that a wooden framed warehouse, and two or three other wooden buildings, In a few moments they had possession of the town. Commerce have received Paris papers to the evewith a considerable quantity of bacon and other The troops in town did not exceed four hundred, ning of Dec. 17th, and Havre to the evening of of the fight, and the bloody field of Raisin will property, were destroyed.

re-elected for the same term, from Maine.

who approved of sending Commissioners to Co. Arista, who was in bed at the time of the attack, lumbus. A majority of the Kentneky Legislature had just missed the latter, as his hed was warm, w. s of a different opinion, and Messrs. Morehead he rushed to the attack of the barracks, where he and Smith, in obedience to their appointment, learned the Mexicans had made a stand. He was, factory. France occupies the position which bewended their way to the Ohio seat of government, however, warmly received and repulsed; and after that of the world at large.

| Lains and first members, G. I. Pestletination of her allies, and in that of the world at large. | Lains and first members, G. I. Pestletination of her allies, and in that of the world at large. | Lains and first members, G. I. Pestletination of her allies, and in the same if presented by any that of the world at large. | Lains and first members, G. I. Pestletination of her allies, and in the same if presented by any that of the world at large. | Lains and first members, G. I. Pestletination of her allies, and in the same if presented by any that of the world at large. | Lains and first members, G. I. Pestletination of her allies, and in the same if presented by any that of the world at large. | Lains and first members, G. I. Pestletination of her allies, and in the same if presented by any that of the world at large. | Lains and first members, G. I. Pestletination of her allies, and in the same if presented by any that of the world at large. | Lains and first members, G. I. Pestletination of her allies, and in the same if presented by any that of the world at large. | Lains and first members, G. I. Pestletination of her allies, and in the same if presented by any that of the world at large. | Lains and first members, G. I. Pestletination of her allies, and in the same if presented by any the same if presented by any that of the world at large. | Lains and first members, G. I. Pestletination of her allies, and in the same if presented by any the same if prese insulted, at least treated very cavalierly, by being houses, &c. until they reached the mole, where he on the affairs of Belginm and Holland, which I statesman, Gen. Charles Scott, and his pride refused the opportunity of explaining to the Ohio assembled about two hundred and fifty of his men, doubt not will have a pacific issue, giving independent and respect for his company are only equalled hy Legislature the grievances of which Kentucky and made a rush to secure the Prince or the Ad- dence to Belgium, and new guarantees to the re- his efforts to advance its interest and promote its complains. The want of courtesy on the part of miral; but fortunately for the latter, they had a pose of France Ohio, may, we fear, lead to events calculated to Chio, may, we fear, lead to events calculated to the muzzle with grape and cannister; and as the to the muzzle with grape and cannister; and as the conformity with the Conpany to which we have alluded above: sour the feelings of the citizens of the two States, Mexicans approached, led on by Santa Anna in vention with the Holy See, our troops have evacumanifestly injurious to the interests and fraternal most gallant style, they discharged the fatal piece, ated Ancona. The military occupation had ceasing States.

CONGRESS.

21st. Mr Adams made a statement, in the course moment, and the French succeeded in completing has continued to receive from us not only the sucof which, he distinctly averred, that "though he their embarkation. The Admiral's coxswain had cors which the treaty requires, but all that further present members of the Company feel anxious to had so earnestly advocated the right of persons to petition for the abolition of slavery in the District six shot in various parts of his body. A midshipman and boy were killed beside him. The loss of the French is estimated at about fifteen or eightraneous to the French is estimated at about fifteen or eightraneous to the Company feet and out to be support, which the interests of France allow to be afforded.

I hope that our differences with Mexico and the Resolved, That we will celebrate the 50th anof Columbia, yet he was not himself prepared to teen killed and fifty wounded; the proportion of Argentine Republic are approaching their terminagrant their prayer. On the contrary, if the ques- officers is very great. The loss of the Mexicans, tion. The new naval forces which have recently dress parade and free barbacue, on the —— day grant their prayer. On the contrary, if the question were presented at once, he should vote against it. He knew not what change might be wrought it. He knew not what change might be wrought it. He knew not what change might be wrought upon his mind by a full and fair discussion; but as the foreigners who were present, gave them great creation. The new naval forces which have gone left our ports, are before Vera Cruz, and have gone third; which is readily accounted for, as they fought under cover, except at the mole, where the upon his mind by a full and fair discussion; but as upon his mind by a full and fair discussion; but as foreigners who were present, gave them great cre- long a time, demands. yet he had seen no reason to change his opinion, dit for their gallantry; and the Prince de Joinville though he had read all that had been written and said, "they defended their barracks most gal- are finding their recompense. The statements Huey, Joseph Beard, R. B. Parker, Nat. Shaw, published on the subject by the Abolitionists themsolves. Mr. A. then went at length into his reasolves. Mr. A. then went at length sons for offering the resolutions of inquiry on the in the gaod opinion of the soldiery. Since the interrupted this year; our position becomes stron- alutions into effect.

marks at three o'clock, proceeded to present to the in a norther, and to take Santa Anna and Arista; security and convenience rendered necessary.— House his numerous petitions, praying for the abo- and had they not attacked the barracks, they would Meanwhile the native inhabitants respect the au-House his numerous petitions, praying for the abolition of slavery, for the repeal of the resolutions passed by the House on the 12th December upon that subject, and also that the mover of the same receive a vote of censure for introducing them into the House. Also, petitions praying for the recognition of the independence of Hryti, and against the admission into the Union of any new State tolerating slavery. Also, petitions praying for the cadmission into the Union of any new State tolerating slavery. Also, petitions praying for the categories of nations."

Marring method they will find them more ready and willing for the confidence, and they will find them more ready and willing for the conflict when they next assail them. It is said, and I believe truly, that their surprise on the morning of the 5th ultimot, was owing to Admiral Bauting and the union of any new State tolerating slavery. Also, petitions praying for the case of the public revenue, attests the happy development of the national wealth and the prospering to the categories of nations."

Marring method they not attacked the barracks, they would have accomplished their object with comparatively no loss; but, as it is, they are the best judges whether or not the object was worthy the sacrifice. It has given the Mexicans great confidence, and they will find them more ready and willing for the conflict when they next assail them. It is said, that their surprise on the morning of the 5th ultimo, was owing to Admiral Bauting of the 5th ultimo, was owing to Admiral Bauting of the 5th ultimo, was owing to Admiral Bauting of the population. Parallel of the national wealth and the prospers. The progressive and constant into the public revenue, attests the happy deviation of the page for Franken under the national wealth and the prospers. The progressive and constant into the public revenue, attests the happy development of the national wealth and the prospers. On the same day, by the Rev. N. II. Ulli, Mr. Willian J. C. RODES, C. Martin, formerly of Baltimore establishing a congress of nations."

FRENCH WAR IN MEXICO.

Globe.

From the N. O. Commercial Bulletin. FROM VERA CRUZ.

The following letter, addressed to us by the tives, by a vote of Ayes 61, Noes 36. The loca- commander of the United States ship Frie, con- clared in a state of blockade as formerly. tion of the Mother Bank is not made by the hill, tuins an account of the capture of Vera Cruz, and other particulars of interest, as late as the date of the 18th December:

DEAR SIR: I herewith send you an account of the attack on the town of Vera Cruz, by the River, and two North—the places to be designated Freuch, on the morning of the 5th ult. The statement, such as it is, was collected from the foreigners who remained on shore, and the French olli- ral Government is in a state of dissolution, as evecers themselves; the latter, however, do not give ry State has declared itself independent. Hondu-Santa Anna so much credit for his conduct, as the ras has separated itself, though some of the coun-

war was about to be declared. Lts. Com'dt. Gard- every individual will be nullifying for himself.ner, Farragut, and Mr. Hargous (the consul) im- Honduras opens her ports, to which Truxillo sub- liament. A report also prevailed that Lord Durthat "every respect would be paid to Americans; longer than usual, but a pattern of a speech yet, in but that the Mexican Government had disapproved brevity. He states nothing new respecting the of the capitulation of the town, made by General difficulties with Mexico and the Argentine Repubcommand, with directions to notify the French Ad- is reported, is about to conclude a commercial tended; which communication, he said, had ocen Southern exchanges have decidedly improved ner, the fifthern anniversary of its existence,

"Consort" and "Eric." At 4 a. in. the boats of demns in toto the reported proposition as to the was or daily and hourly occurrence, this compa no lives were lost. Two gentlemen had each a leg bro-ken in the fall—Mr. Abernethy, formerly a Clerk in the and fifteen hundred men, attacked the town under the French squadron, containing between twelve Northeastern boundary.

U. S. Bank stock is 120. Flour is dull again.

In was raised. The patriotic and noble design!

Of its creation has never been lost sight of, Duperceived until on the mole, and in the fort.

They landed in three divisions, at the north and rates.—Nat. Int. outh forts, and the centre at the mole, command ed by Admiral Baudin in person. Their approach Hon. REUEL WILLIAMS, Democrat, has also been trance of the French; nor did they succeed, until speech: they were about to blow up the door, when the Commissioners to Ohio.—We were not of those who led his party, succeeded in securing General dered more secure. Santa Anna continued to harrass them from the A Conference has been commenced in London Mexican fire was principally levelled.

By this discharge Gen. Santa Anna lost his left | Spain is still a prey to the same distractions and leg and received a wound in his right arm; it killed misfortunes. We continue to fulfil with all our In the U.S. House of Representatives on the seven others. It checked their progress for the alliance. The government of the Queen Regent

controversy between Messrs. Stevenson and Ge- amputation of his leg, which is below the knee, he | ger and better every day. In provinces of Con- | Resolved, That a Committee of Invitation be is doing well, and still retains the command. The stantine and Algiers, the operations, directed with appointed by the Chairman. Mr. A. having concluded his explanatory re-French say their object in this attack was simply skill and prudence, have given to our establish-

directed their officers to keep their troops outside, | the session, the depositions relative to the situation | The express slip received in yesterday's mail, and not enter the city till seven o'clock, but that of our colonies, and the wants of our marine will orings in the New Orleans Bulletin the letter of he anticipated an attack from the French in a few be presented for your consideration. Lieutenant FARRAGUT, of the United States navy, minutes after the messenger left the ship. But in Gentlemen, my heart is affected by the testimowhich gives additional recounts of the late sharp all there is much recrimination. The French acconflict at Vera Cruz between Admiral BAUDIN cuse the Mexicans of having violated their faith by speet to an event which has answered all my wishes. We make our acknowledgments to Col. Roder, its face the impress of fairness. The spirit in the French boats to their solation which heaven could vouch after the me. My one of our Representatives in the Kentucky Legis- which the warrare is renewed, indicates a prolature, for the several documents he has politely tracted and bloody struggle. It may endure until Creole, and two or three brigs, which laid under with respect for our institutions, and with that deit becomes complicated with an European war, the castle, directed a very heavy bombaidment a- votedness to France of which my whole family will which is threatened in the movement of troops by gainst that portion of the city which intervened not cease to afford him an example. I desire that Mr. LARKIN B. SMITH, a Representative from Holland towards the frontiers of Belgium, of which between them and the barracks, with a view to the a solenin ceremony may unite you around his crathis County, has addressed a note to the Editor of intelligence is brought by the last advices from destruction of the latter; but without the least dle, and that, in the midst of you, religion may the Observer, stating that a bill had passed the Sen- Paris of the 17th December. Belginm has been success, as there were two or three very massive bless that infant, who belongs entirely to the counate, authorizing the City Council of Lexington to for centuries the battle ground of all Europe; and buildings intervening. The church of Merced, in try borrow \$50,000 for the erection of another Mediterloo are abent to spring up in another crop of they ceased firing, and from that time to the pre- country for which I congratulate myself with you, cal Hall, and for other purposes; and stating that armed men. If so, all the nations whose blood sent moment every thing has remained perfectly is the result of the support so constant, and the the bill will be retained by the Committee of Ways enrich that spot, will be found to claim a share in tranquil. The Admiral with his fleet, except the perfect harmony of the great powers of the State. and Means, to which it had been referred, until the the next harvest of the sword in that field, where vessels under the castle, and the hospital ship nn- Let us not forget that this is our strength. This will and pleasure of the citizens can be exon the 6th ult. for winter quarters.

The port of Vera Cruz is declared, by Admiral Baudin's proclamation of the 22d ultimo, to be stitutional monarchy can unite with the blessings open to enter, but not to land goods; the slightest attempt at which will cause the confiscation of vessel and cargo. Tampico and other ports are de-

I am, with great respect, Your obedient servant,

D. G. FARRÁGUT, Lieutenant Commanding.

LETTER FROM NEW YORK, Jan. 19. From Central America we learn that the Fedeties of Honduras have separated from the State, On the morning of the 4th ultimo, it was an- and given in their adhesion to the Federal Gov-

sent to Admiral Baudin:" he also stated that "es, within the past week, to which the resumption of which was reselved on. the result was uncertain, it would probably be as specie payments has contributed. On New Orwell to embark the Americans until things were leans the d'scount is but half per cent.-a mere of peculiar interest, not only to every Kentucks bagatelic—and on Mobile but 11

easier. Foreign exchanges rather dull at present, savage was again heard upon our Northern fron

LATER FROM EUROPE.—By the packet ship Al-l were again about to he re enacted, the Lexington was first announced by the blowing up of the gate.

Light Infantry, under the gallant and chivalrous bany, Capt. Johnson, the editors of the Journal of Light Infantry, under the gallant and chivalrous bany, Capt. Johnson, the editors of the Journal of Light Infantry, under the gallant and chivalrous bany, Capt. Johnson, the editors of the Journal of Light Infantry, under the gallant and chivalrous bany, Capt. Johnson, the editors of the Journal of Light Infantry, under the gallant and chivalrous bany, Capt. Johnson, the editors of the Journal of Light Infantry, under the gallant and chivalrous bany, Capt. Johnson, the editors of the Journal of Light Infantry, under the gallant and chivalrous bany, Capt. Johnson, the editors of the Journal of Light Infantry, under the gallant and chivalrous bany, Capt. Johnson, the editors of the Journal of Light Infantry, under the gallant and chivalrous bany, Capt. Johnson, the editors of the Journal of Light Infantry, under the gallant and chivalrous bany, Capt. Johnson, the editors of the Journal of Light Infantry, under the gallant and chivalrous bany, Capt. Johnson, the editors of the Journal of Light Infantry, under the gallant and chivalrous bany, Capt. Johnson, the editors of the Journal of Light Infantry, under the gallant and chivalrous bany, Capt. Johnson, the editors of the Journal of Light Infantry, under the gallant and chivalrous bany, Capt. Johnson, the editors of the Journal of Light Infantry, under the gallant and chivalrous bany, Capt. Johnson, the editors of the Journal of Light Infantry, under the gallant and chivalrous bany, Capt. Johnson, the editors of the Journal of Light Infantry, under the gallant and chivalrous bany, Capt. Johnson, the editors of the Journal of Light Infantry, under the gallant and chivalrous bany, Capt. Johnson, the editors of the Journal of Light Infantry, under the gallant and chivalrous bany, Capt. Johnson, the editors of the Journal of Li and so scattered that they made no stand before the 18th. They contain the speech of King Lou- forever attest the bravery and noble during with the French, but retreated to the barracks on the is Philip at the opening of the French Chambers, which she opposed her bosom to her country's

concurrence in still further meliorating a condi-My relations with foreign powers are all satis-

harmony which should subsist between neighbor. and no doubt saved their Admiral, at whom the ed in those states, whose independence interests France so deeply.

three officers and three men, and wounded six or allies all the claims of the treaty of the quadruple

In Africa, gentlemen, our persevering sacrifices

ing; in consequence of which, Con. Santa Anna mand the attention of my government. Early in city.

Gentlemen, the prosperous condition of our alterable, the working of our institutions, at once free and regular, may show to the world that a conof liherty, the stability which gives nations their

The utmost tranquility prevailed, both on their majesties' arrival and departure not only in the immediate neighborhood of the Chamber, but also along the whole line up which the cortege passed.

The Presse says that Ministers are decided upon bringing in a bill for the reduction of the Five per Cents; as soon as the solution of the Hollando Belgie question will enable them to do so with safety and prudence.

A Greek vessel, the People, arrived a few days ago at Antwerp, laden with corn. She is stated to be the first from Grecco that has entered the

what surprised at this result, and still hope that this nounced that General Lopez de Santa Anna had ernment. First they nullify by States, and then Grey is indignant at the manner in which the Minwhat surprised at this result, and still hope that this mounced that General Lopez de Santa Anna had ennmer in which the Minthey nullify by States, and then they nullify by States, and then they nullify by counties, and anon, it is probable isters have treated his son-in-law, Lord Durham, war was about to be declared. Lie Coundt Gards The London Morning Herald says that Lord and that he intends to support this opinion in Par- going. London who had relations with Canada to ex-

From the Observer & Reporter.

LEXINGTON LIGHT INFANTRY. We insert below, the proceedings of a meeting

of this ancient and venerable Company, on Tuespropriety of celebrating, in an appropriate man-The history of the Lexington Light Infantry is

ian, but especially to every citizen of Lexington. tier, stimulated by British perfidy and cruelty, and the same scenes of bloodshed and butchery LATER FROM EUROPE. - By the packet ship Al- were again about to he re enacted, the Lexington ing interest, payable half yearly. Hon. Daniel Webster has been re-elected Santa Anna, who narrowly escaped from his bed, by the roof of the adjoining house, while the guard of March next, from Massachusetts.

The French of the eity, where they were soon joined by the roof of the adjoining house, while the guard at his door were disputing most gallantly the endown of March next, from Massachusetts.

The French of the Prench Chambers of the French Chambers, while the point of the Prench Chambers, at the population of which will be found below.

Santa Anna, who narrowly escaped from his bed, by the roof of the adjoining house, while the guard at his door were disputing most gallantly the endown of March next, from Massachusetts.

The French Chambers of the Prench Chambers, and never fading glury has been the need of the 19th instant, the need of the need of the 19th instant, the need of the nee

The following are the proceedings of the com-

At a meeting of the Lexington Light Infantry, Capt. G. L. Postlethwaite in the Chair, the following preamble and resolutions were unan-

Whereas the "Lexington Light Infantry" is the first volunteer company raised in the State of

to participate on the occasion.

Resolved, That G. L. Postlethwaite, William | tucky.

G. L. POSTLETHWAITE, Chm.

N. SHAW, Sec'y.

DIED—In this city, on Tuesday lest, Mr. MART ANN RANDOLPH, consort of Mr. John II. Rendolph. In this county, on Wednesday night lest, at the resi-dence of her father, Col. John Morgan, Mr. MARY JANE YOUNG, con art of Samuel A. You. A lesq. At Forest Retreat, Nicholas county, at her patract-ed and distressing illness, Mrs. MAND LEE CAMP-BELL, wife of Mr. John P. Campbell, and daughter of Gen. Thomas Metcalfe.

ien. Thomas Metcalfe

FARM FOR SAIT.

WILL sell my farm, on which I new reside, in Fayette county, Ky, near and on the cast side of Lexington, c niaming 166 ares of good land, well watered, and tolerably well improved. It at one half in cultivation, the balance in wood set in blue grasses. upon the usual payments. Pessession can be had the first of Merch. WILLIS ROUTT.

PAYETTE COUNTY, SCT.

AKEN UP, by Nathan Bowerth, Two Fillies, one a bay, supposed to be 3 or t years old, about 15 hands high, the right hind foot white; appraised of Forty Dollars.
The other a sorrel, supposed to be two years old, the

left hind foot white; appraised to be two years old, fir-left hind foot white; appraised to £20, by D. C. Rigbeo and William Gray, this 5th December, 1838, before me, DANIEL BRADFORD, J. P. Jan 31, 183 -5-3t

TO PRINTERS.

Jan 31, 1-39-5-3t

THE Proprietor of the establishment of the Covington Free Press, withing to engage in other business, will sell the establishment, if application is made previous to the first of March next—after which time,

if not sold, it will no longer be for sale.

The materials are all in good condition—the patronage extensive and rapidly increasing—the location healthy and pleasant—a growing and enterprising population and contemporary to the location beauty and pleasant—a growing and enterprising population. lation, and we think an excellent opening for any one wishing to engage in the publication of a paper.

The proprietor has no other object in selling than a

sire to relinquish the business entirel

A PPLICATIONS for Licences of all kinds, must bo made to the Board at their regular meeting, on Thursday, the 7th day of February, 1839. Attest: JAMES P. MEGOWEN, Clerk City. Jan 17, 1839, 2-td.

EXTENSIVE SALE OF V. LU. ABLE REAL ESTATE

AT AUCTION. II.I. be sold at Auction on Salurday, the 16th day of Felruary nezt, the following valuable Houses ind Lots, viz:

No. I. The House and Lot, corner of Wafer and Upper streets, occupied by Messrs. Randall's as a Grocery Store House, 33 by 66 feet.

2. House and Lot adjoining same, on Upper street, occupied by Mr. Mitchell, tinner.

3. House and Lot adjoining same, occupied by Messrs. Graves, hatters.

4. House and toot adjoining same, occupied by Mr. Vangelt as a shoe store. All the above houses are well adapted for business.

5. House and Lot corner of Upper and Constitution

occupied by Mr P. Bain.

A handsome Building Lot adjoining same, on Upper street, about 50 by 120 feet.

Three Lots on Main street, Nos. 1, 2 and 3, near Mr R. Todd's—No. 1, a frame building—cach lot about 44 feet front in Water street.

8. One out-lot on Main cross street, about 10 Acres, well situated-in grass

Terms Liberal, viz:—One-fifth in hand; balance at , 2, 3 and 4 years, for approved negotiable noise, bear-

speech:

Gentlemen Peers and Gentlemen Deputies:

Gratified to perceive has determined to have a powden for \$12 and one on Jumes McLoney for celebration commensurate with the importance \$10 and some cents. The last twe notes were given to Mexicans fled to save the property of their General's friend. So soon as the Prince de Joinville, who led his party, succeeded in securing General Aristo who led his party, succeeded in securing General Aristo who led his party in the first we have all feel justly proud, accounts on different individuals, due to N. L. Finnell accounts on different individuals, due to N. L. Finnell I am glad to meet you again that I may have your and there is not a heart that bea's true to his and the Kentneky Gazette. Any person who may have concurrence in still further meliorating a condithrob of sympathy and pride whenever its venecommanded by the son of one of its earliest Cap-

Lexington, January 23, 1839. 4-3t
Richmond Character 23, 1839. 4-3t

NORTHERN BANK OF KENTUCKY, ?

LEXINGTON, January 7, 1839. DIVIDEND of four and three fourths per cent. out

of the profits of this Bank for the last six months, as been this day declared by the Board of Directors, and will be paid to the Stockli lders on the Books at Lexington, on or after the 14th instant, and to those on the Books at the Agencies in Philadelphia and New York on or after the 20th instant. M. T. SCOTT, Cash'r.

T. M. HICKEY & W. B. REDD,

TTORNICS at Law and Barristers, will, in future, practice in association. Their Office is on Mainstreet, between Frazer's curner and Bicunan's Hotel. Lex., April 19, 1838—16-tf To all whom it may concern.

on the watres of Hickman Creek, Fayette County, Kon-WALKER HAWKINS.

January 9, 1839 -2-1w

TYAKEN up by Mrs Sarah Bosworth, living on the rail road, near Lexington, a Red Roan Harse, about 4 years old, about 15 hands 3 inches high, a small white spot behind each ear, black main and tail, shod all round; appraised to 8-80, by William Wilson and Thos. Moore, before me this 14th January, 1839.

DAN. BRADFORD, J. P. F. C.

January 17, 1-39 3-3t.

FENAKEN up by Alfred W. Stanhope, a sorrel Horse, with some white in his face, and saddle marks on his back, supposed to be eight years old, shed all round; appraised to thirty five-dellars, by Elias Wattz and John Young, this 29th day of August 1838, before me a Justice of the peace for Fayette County, given under my hand the day and date first above written.

WM. STANHOPE, J. P. F. C. J. C. RODES, Clk

By WALLER RODES, D. C.

Prospectus of the Retropolis, A Tri-weekly Newspaper, published at the City of Washinoton, at Five rollars per annum, in advance.

P. . . SWITH, Epiron. The underson has commenced the publication of a Demo ratio new payer at the political metropolis of the General Givernme theraing the above title. He is now no that some persons will say, the premises are already occupied, and have is 10 upe for another advocate of Democracy at the set of the N tubral Government. With his deer note the commons of ad such, he will say, then he believes the actor demand as many such advocates some Domestart process in her Livious to every three Whighpeners, and not is resect our appointed that always had the always against a large form of the feet. But we will proceed to give the general features of our professions of political rath, relying with confidence on the berefity and pat matism of those in whose course we have coand pat riotism of those in whose course we have c

barked our capital and our time, for aliberal patronage.

As nu exposed to the practical principles of our party, we shall decors the lading measures of policy of the conton ling part es of the day, and show in what consists the difference between the Democracy and their opponents, whether Federalists, or whatever other bunner they may choose to fight under. Assuming for the Democracy the hrord panoply "that the cell of so iety is the public good, and the institution of government is to secure to every individual the enjoyment of his rights," —"that the tights of man in society are liberty, equality, security of person and property," we shall treat every scheme to change this condition of things as antagonist to the applies with read the great of the public justices and a preparent to the public justices. to the public welfare and dangerous to the public liberty.
We believe that much of the legislation of the present

day is radically wrong, because calculated if not design ed, to make "the rich richer and the poor poorer," the load ed, to make "the rich richer and the poor power," the leading object being professelly to protect commence, which already has the power of regulating and rading every other pursuit and profession, and is fast assuming the right to control the operations of Government itself.—
The opposition—our enemics—knowing the present, and loresering the prospective influence which commerce must necessarily exercise over any and every other power in the Government, have already secured that influence with a view to their own negrandizement, and hence their extraordinary, and processing efforts—their france, and extraordinary and unceasing efforts—their frauds and corruptions, to give the commercial influence perpetuity.

Banks are but the hand-maidens of commerce, and go to make up the full measure of its present vast but still increasing power, which is to be used, first to put down Democracy and put up Whiggery, and then to rear up such artivileged orders as the money aristocracy of the country want. Commerce, even connected with Banks, when in the pursuit or its LEGITIMATE ENDS, should be cherished as the germ of our national prosperity, the nucleus around which it reigns, hut when perverted as an instrument to be used by men indimical to our free institutions—when prostituted to the vile purposes of political demagogues, with a view to bring Republican Government into disrepute, if not to destroy it—then we say, rather than it should be thus used, "PERISH COMMERCE."

In addition to these general objects, in which may be included an occasional resort to first principles, when the phylosophy of Government will be discussed as a science; we shall keep our readers advised of all the interesting current events of the day, as we receive them from various sources; and during the session of Congress will furnish an early and correct, though brief daily abstract of the daings of that body. And while we give notice that our paper is mainly to be occupied with pelitics, we promise not to lose sight of the wishes of a respectable portion of newspaper readers, who always expect to find a portion of periodical miscellany, or light reading. In addition to these general objects, in which may be

wo are the uncompromising opponents of Bank monopolies, or monopolies of any and every kind; of Abolitionism and political Anti-masonry—and of every species of functicism which attempts to connect itself to, country. We believe a crisis has arisen which is to test the perpetuity of our Republican government, and that it behoves every Democrat to buckle on the armor of his country's defence—to take up the weapons of political warfare, and resist has a second warfare, and warfare, warfa eal warfare, and resist, by all the means of political discussion, of appeals to the intelligence and patriotism of the people, and by a prompt resort to the ballot-box, not only the insidious approaches of the enemies of Democ racy, in the form of monopolies, but the giant strides of the enemies of the Union of the States, who are loboring form severance of the Union by Abulition incendiarism

It is for the c purposes we cast our anchor forth unid the rolling waves of political discussion, and unfail i ur sail to the breezes of political elements. It will be seen we have a higher object in view than the mere making of pennies; we wish to give light to that part of the Democ racy which passess the nerve upon which we mainly rely for the triumph and perpeta itian of our principles-that great and vigorous arm of the national defence in time of war- of the diprosperity in time of pence—the content "Demogracy of numbers." We with the wind many this part of the community there is a series of their energy of the wind political truth the restriction of contribute nur mite to stand the restriction of the restr one among this part of the community four, we see that the second of the modern who to be hunded for the hunder of the hunder of the hunder of the second of the seco pleasing task of showing to what con ist the great and glorions principals for which we as a party contend, of every Democrat.

This paper will be printed on a super imperial sheet, every Taeslay, Thursday and Saturday, at the follow-

the city known to the publisher. Subscriptions will also be taken for a WEEKLY PAto contain the original matter of the tri-weekly pa-

per, at \$2.50 per anumn, in advance, or \$3.00 at the cold of the year—the same rule to be applied as to the tri-weekly. If the weekly paper should not receive a sufficient subscription to justify its publication, then the tri-weekly will be sent to the umount subscribed to the weekly.

weekly.

(Explaint returns of subscription papers are carnestly desired, as the expense of publication in this city is very F. S. MYER. Wushington Cits, Dec. 10, 1838.

TO RENT.

ACRES of good corn ground for rent, on the Georgetown road, one mile and a half from Lexington. SALLY GRAVES.

Jan. 17, 1839, 2-td.

KENTUCKY STATE LOTTERY,

OR the benefit of the Grand Lodge of Kentucky Class No. 9, for 1839. To be determined by the drawing of the Consolidated Lotteries of Md., Class No. 4, for 1839. To be drawn at Baltimore, Md. Wednes-4, for 1839. To be drawn at Baltimore, Md. Wednesday, Jan. 30, 1839. D. S. Gregory & Co. Managers.

	STEEN DID SCHEME.						
1	Prize	of \$12,000 p	56	Prizes	of \$100		
1	46	10,000	56	66	50		
1	66	5,000	56	61	40		
1	66	3,528	56	4.6	30		
10	46	500	112	4.6	20		
10	66	300	2,210	61	10		
40		200	15,400	16	Net 5		
Tickers 95 - Shares in proportion							

A. S. STREETER, Lexing:07. Main street, next deer to the labrary. Wenetian Blinds and Mattrasses.

N addition to my CABINET FURNITURE, I am
now prepared to fill all orders for Venetian Blanns
and Mattrasses. Persons wanting articles of this kind

HAT FACTORY,

will do well to call before they buy elsewhere.

IIORACE E. DIMICK,

January 3, 1838 I-tf No. 15, Hunt's Row. Plough Making & Black-smith-

1128.

erally, that they have purased the well known eslablishment, formerly be-Rockhill, and are now prepared to furnish all articles in their line, on short notice. The PLOUGH-MAKING Business will

he continued in all its pranches, and a good as branches, and a good as sortment of the latest improved Plonghs kept containly on hand. O. i Plonghs repaired with reatness and despatch.

WM. P. BROWNING,

JOHN HEADLEY,

UNI LR THE FIRM OF BROWNING & HEADLEY.

N. B. We wish to employ a first rate Plough-Stocker, or Wagon Maker, to whom constant confloyment will be give b. Also-2 or 3 Apprentices in the Smithshop, of repectable parentage, and who can come well recomm Lex Sep 7.--53-1f B. 3

THE KENTUCKY ALMANAC, FOR THE YEAR OF OUR LORD,

The Sun and Moon's rising and setting-the Sun's deelination—the day's length - the time of the San's being on the meredian, according to a well regulated clock—the moon's place in the Ech tic, and its government of a man's bedy—figures of all the constellations of the Zo.

THE undersigned, travellets, from Wheeldiac, with descriptions of earli-times of the Southing of the principal fixed Stars and Constellations—the rising and setting of the I lanets—descriptions of the Planets, and directions in what part of the heavens to look for them, and what time in the year 1833—Explanations of the Dominical letter, Epart, Golden Namber, &c.—Latitudes and Longitudes of nearly all the towns and villages DAN. BRADFORD, editor of the Kentucky Gazette,

Corner of Water and Mulberry-Streets. TilE Subscriber respectfully informs the public ALETI generally, that he has taken the stand, formerly occupied by David Megowao, and more recently by Win. Stoops, at the corner of Water and Mulberry

HIS BAR IS WELL FURNISHED,
TABLE GOED, BED ROOMS COMPONTABLE, HORSES WELL ATTENDED TO;

And being well known himself through the State, ne win not here make promises, but trusts that his endeavors to please will be crowned with success.

OFDAY AND WEEKLY BOARDERS well action of the Smattive by the heaver. Years truly, 15, Hunt's Row.

THOS. G. FARNSWORTH. And being well known himself through the State, he will

(CN. B. I would inform the public that I nm pre-med with SCALES FOR WEIGHING WAGONS and THEIR CONTINTS, where I will be happy to wait on those having weighing to be done.

E. PERKINS. Lexington, Nov 29, 1838-48t

GREAT WESTERN U. S. MAIL LINE, ROM the Mississippi River to Little Rock, Arkansas.—U. S.

gers by this line, take the splendid Thoy Concurs every after morning, precisely at 9 o'clock, to Rockroe, thenceby the splendid U.S. mail packet to Bo-

livia. Through in 14 h ars.

This line f rms the connexion between the great U. S. glorious principels for which we as a party contend, and the mean of establishing those principles, in an imperishable foundation. These are our objects and intentions in giving existence to this paper, and we doubt not but they will meet a hearly response in the good wishes of every Demograf. ing town on the Mi issign to opposite the month of White river, the proprietors of which have erected a epiencial hold, where passengers can at a l times he accommodated with the choicest luxuries of the Mississip-

For one year, \$5; for six months \$3; for three months
\$1 50; one mouth 50 cents; one wirek 12\(\frac{1}{2}\).

Twenty per cent will be anbled to all yearly and moothly subscribers who ilo not pay in advance.

No paper will be sent out of the District until the subscription is paid, or a reference given to some person in the city known to the publisher. line. Or All baggage at the owners' risk

A. TOBEY & CO. Bolivin, August 2, 1838 32-6in

Prentiss' Pile Gintment.

Ind even in those deplorable cases of long stand ing, judged by the Faculty to be incurable, a single bot-tle will ufford the most surprising bruefit, and yield the patient a degree of comfort to which he has been a stran-No family ought to be without this remedy, for it will effect a radicul and speedy care in all cases, if resorted to in the commencement of the disease.

Sold by D. BRADFORD, at the Office of the Kentucky Gazette, Lexington, Ky.

Valuable and Tried Patent Medicines.

TRIPPE'S CONCENTRATED EXTRACT OF SARSAPARILLA;

use, and recommended by the highest testimonials as a remedy in all Scrofulous, Rheumatic and Syphilitic diseases, Cutaneous Affections, &c.

BLOODGOOD'S ELIXIR OF HEALTH; A specific in Dyspersia and all disorders of the digestive organs, and a general restorative in weak and dishilitated hahits, caused by previous disease of the stomach and

bowels.

NERVE AND BONE LINIMENT;

Or Specific. Bruises An invaluable remedy for Sprains, Bruises, Fresh

HAT FACTORY,

No. 38, West Main-Street, corner of Muin-Cross St., LEXINGTON, KENTUCKY.

WILLIAM F. TOD, [Succession to Bain & Top,]

The Subscribers respectfully inform their friends and the public genMACHINERY to the Minneparturing of Hars, which he lopes will at all times quable him to supply his customers and all who may desire to purchase, either a WHOLESALE OR RETAIL, with every variety of

call and examine his stock, as he teels confident they

RICHARD OWENS,

Main street, opposite Brennan's Hotel. N. B. In ad lition to his Eastern and French work, By S. D. McCullouen, is this day published, and for BOO's and SHOES are manufactured on the sbortest notice and most favorable terms.

ing to the West and South-West, having been induced to take Mr D. TALLMADGE'S LINE OF DAILY STAGES from Wheeling, via Zanesville, Laneaster and Chillicothe, to Maysville and Cincionati, have much pleasme in certifying that his Stages are excellent, with first rate teams and accommodating drivers. We entered our names at Wheeling and Zanesville with in Kentuc' y-times for holding all the Courts in Ken tacky— Statistical and other important matter, &c. &c.

The contents will show the great advantage of this Al and cover all others offered for sale in Kentucky.

**Contents of manks at Wheeling and Zanesville with Some reluctance for this route; but we have found the roads very good, and could not have had a more pleasant and and expeditious journey. We cheerfully commend that Tallmadge's Stages and the Chillicothe route to the contents of the contents

JOHN GRIER, of Pittshurg, R. GALWAY, do JAS. GRIER, do clo CYRUS TALBOT, of Louisville, DAN'L. COBB, do CHARLES N. MILES, of N. York, CHARLES N. MILLES, do
JOSEPH OGDEN, do
JOHN F. CLARK, of Wheeling.
Chilleothe, Dec. 13th, 1878 52-\$2
Chillieothe (O.) Advertiser.

TO HEMP MANUFACTURERS.

THE subscriber has invented a HEMP HECKLE, which may be put in operation by any power. The Hemp and Tow are put in good order with very little labour. Any person wishing information on the subject are referred to William Alexander near Paris, who has one of my Heckles in operation though not yet completed. The machinery is simple and durable. Any person endeavoring to make a machine of the above described on without cornician will be treated as those described on the standard as the described on the standard as the described on the standard as the stan cription, without permission, will be treated as they deserve. Communications addressed to the subscriber in Shelby ville, will be promptly attended to.
FOSTER DEMASTERS.



For a description of the articles, and their names, I will refer to the long advertisements of some Chairmakers and Uphalsteress.

Purchasers from a distance can have their Furniture well and securely packed. Terms of sale favorable. HORACE E. DIMICK. Lexington, July II, 1838 29-tf

HOOP IRON.

SMALL lot of Hoop Iron, just received and for sale.

B. F. CRUTCHFIELD, No 10 Main-st.

Northern Bank of Kentucky. HE Stockhol'ers in this Bank are hereby notified that the LHE (and here) that the 11th (and last) instalment of Five Doc-MARCH next. By order of the Directors, M. T. SCOTT, Casn'r. Lexington, Nov. 15, 1838 46 td

SPUN COTTON,

ARRANTED of the very best quality, of any size, from 500 to 1000, will be given in exchange for any quantity of GOOB CORN AND WHEAT, say from one bushel up, to suit the convenience of the farmer. I will, likewise, give CASH FOR WHEAT.

August 23, 1838 34-tf

DISSOLUTION.

THE Partnership heretofore existing in the Mercantile Business, between Penney & Chamalin, is this duy dissolved by muthal coosent. All demands due by the firm will be settled by J. Penney, who is likewise alone authorized to receive the debts due the firm.

J. PENNEY, GEO. CHAMBLIN. Lex., May 19, 1833 21-tf

FINEAS-150 boxes fresh Gunpowder, Imperial and Hy-EAS--150 boxes fresh ounds, son Teas, received and for sale.

B. F. CRUTCHFIELD,

No 10, Main-st.

HEMP SEED. BAGS just received and for sale by
B. F. CRUTCHFIELD,

Dec 13, 1838 50-tf No. 10, Main st. DR. WARREN'S COUGH MIXTURE.

HE unexampled demand during the past winter for Dr. Warren's Cough Mixture, warrants the proprietors in recom-mending it a superior to any article now in use ns a remedy in all diseases of the Lungs. Many respectable physicians (knowing its contents) use it in their daily practice. The following gentlemen of this city having used it themselves and in their families, with much benefit, highly recommend it, as their certificates will show.

Hon. J. Burner, Rev. DAVID ROOT, John H. GROSEBECK, Esq.

Great Excitement in Boston!

TREABLING AMONG THE MEDICAL FA CULTY!!—We learn that the distinguished Dr. Watson, 276 Washington street, and Dr. S. C. Hewett, the celebrated Bonesetter, 297 Washington street, (two of the most skilful practitioners in Boston,) having witnessed the happy effects of Goelick's Matchless Squative interested benevolence, and this noble generosity of Dr's. Iny before the publi II. and W. bespenks their genuine philanthropy.

We understand, Dr. Watson is of the opinion, that as using the Sanative.

the Sanative has created such a tremendous excitement among the Medical Faculty, it must be something extraor-

WHOLESALE OR RETAIL, with every variety of Fig. 1. The most described and fackionable article the market among the Medical Faculty, it must be conceiling extraordinary and far specially and there cannot be a death, but when the vidus of this great special shall be duly appreciated by P yellow and the Picilad lpdia and New York Winter Lightons for 128 and 9, for Gentlemen's Hats.

December 27, 1938 52-\$10th toil

Boot and Shoe Marrufactory.

We further learn that the general Agent of the Sanative has the knowledge of the Dorton. One of the cares as well-carry interesting cases which came within the public generally, that he is now year interesting cases which came within the public generally that he is now the was mable to submit to Dr. Pls. panal and of the submit to Dr. Pls. panal and of the submit to Dr. Pls. panal and of the submit of the submit of the public generally that the submit of the submit of Dr. Pls. panal and of the submit of the submit of the public generally that the submit of the submit of the public generally that the submit of the submit of the public generally that the submit of the submit of the public generally that the submit of the public general debitity. I have used the public of the Matchless Sanative, dends of the Dorton of the curse as we here complaint, that the submit of the public general debitity. I have used the public of the submit to be in a "Cospisarior Cussumptros," was wonderfully restored to health by the use of only one plain of the Sanative and the with severe pain in my with the submit of the public pu

After reading the above, and the following extracts from letters addressed to Dr. Rowland, by his Agents, who can for a moment doubt the powers of the mighty

Amhetsi, N. II., Jan 1, 1838. Dr. Rowland -I sold a phial of the Matchless Sanative to a geotleman who was in a Confirmed Consumption, pronounced PAST ANY RELIEF nud coaffined to his room—he had settled his affairs and prepared to meet his fate. He has not taken a whole bottle, and says his health is persect, that he is entirely well, and imputes the cure to the Sanative and to nothing else. Many others who have taken it make similar statements.

Yours respectfully, &c.
THOS. M. BENDER.

Orland Post Office, Muine, March 30, 1838. Dear Sir -- The Matchless Senative has had a wonderful effect in several cases in this town. I sold a phial to a man who lead been sick with Consumptive and Rhenmatic complaints for 4 or 5 years, unil who was unable to dress himself when he conducted taking it. He has recently sent me ward that he felt quite well, could dress himself without any trouble, and thinks he shall wholly recover. Yours, in haste,

R. TRUSSEL, P. M.

Rush P. Office, Monroe Co. N. Y., Murch 14, 1838 Dear Sir -- In 48 hours after I received the package of Sanative, I sold all of it—and have come to the conclusion that it must be all that it is recommended to be. It is sufficient to say, that the benefit derived from a short use of it, has convinced the most prejudiced of its ntility. The enclosed money you will pass to my necount, and I wish you to sent the convenient. Respectfully, &c.
JOHN B. CROSBY, P. M. I wish you to send me more of the Samtive as soon as

Haverhill, Mass. March 26, 1838. Dear Sir-Numerous cases have come to my knowl calge in which the Sanative has proved very beneficial—and one case in particular, in which it performed a nou-

Conwall Post Office, Vt. April 6, 1838.

Dear Sir—The Matchless Sanative is very highly esteemed in this quarter, and is getting into general use.

Yours, &c. SAMUEL EVERTS, P. M.

Westfield P. Office, N. Y. Feb. 16, 1838. Dear Sir-Several pressing cases demand the Sanative at whatever expense it can be sent to me. It has effectstonishing cures already, and I cannot wait for the package you say is on the way. I wish you would send me half a dozen phials by MALL, and I will put the extra price of postage on the Sanative. Dont fail to send by the mail, as it will come by weight at \$1 per ounce as postage, and I shall expect it in 13 days from Yours, &c. ORRIS NICHOLS, P. M.

Hartford, Ct. April 12, 1838. Dear Sir-My daughter, who had a distressing cough and raised a great deal of matter, was afflicted with pal pitation of the heart, has taken u phial of the Sanative and is now WELL. Others also hear testimony to its Yours respectfully,
C. R. COMSTOCK

Plymoth, Mass. Feb. 6, 1838.

Dear Sir-I have abundance of matter to tell you con-cerning the Sanative, where it has performed cures when those who have bought it, had scarcely any faith in its efficiety. We have one person now able to attend to her domestic concerns, who was at the time she commenced taking it, confined to her chamber and prostrate on her Respectfully, &c ISAAC B, RICH.

Beaver Post Office, Pa. March 1, 1833.

Dear Sir—Since I last wrote you, I have seen several persons who have been using the Sanative, and in every case it has proved itself, worthy the name it bears. A young man, Robert Mellhery had been wasting away in a scated consumption for the last two years—and by using this medicine about six weeks, his cough, pains, &c. left. him enturly, and he is now so well as to be about his or-

Indeed, sir, from the raphility of the sales, the value of the Sanative may be safely determined. I am wholly out, have daily calls for it, and wish you would forward me more as soon as possible. Yours, &c.
A. LOGAN, P. M.

From the Postinaster of Claremont, N. 11. The above powerful and invaluable medicine is doing wonders in this section of the country, as well as in others. Applications for it have been made in various debted to as by note or account, are carnestly requested places in this vicinity. A young lady in this town has been restored from a consumption and confirmed in as further includence cannoe be given. Persons having health by the use of it-No mi-take. She had been visit claims against us will please present them for settlement. ted by various phys.cinos, but all to no purpose. One phial of this medicine produced the long desired effect. A few more bottles of this efficacious medicine may be found at the Post Office if applied for soon.

J. NiE, Sole Agent for Claremont Claremont, April 27, 1808.

From Timothy George, Esq., Orrington, Me.

"My wie has been considered of a consumptive habit for two years, attended with a severe cough, but has always or generally attended to her domestic concerns until the forepart of last winter, when she had a sudden and severe attack of pain in her side, and distressed for hreath. I immediately called upon one of our best Physicians. sicians, who attended carefully upon her, and I was satisfied with his treatment of her case, though her distress was partially alleviated, there was no hope of her recovery, her Doctor told her that she had the consumption, Cute, &c.

MONTAGUE'S BALM;
A cure for the Tooth Ache, and a preventative of decay in the teeth.

A supply of the above mentioned Medicines kept always on hand and for sale by

S. C. TROTTER,
And this Drug Store, Cheapside, Lex., Ky.
And at the Drug Store of Geo, W. Norton, Main-st.
August 3, 1837 31-tf.

John H. Grosebeck, Esq.
Henry B. Funk,
And that her LEFT LUNG WAS PARTIALLY CONSTANT, Such as Ladies' and Gentlemen's Cloaks; over Coats;
SUMED, and seemed to despair of her recovery, as well supply of her above mentioned Medicines kept always on hand and for sale by

S. C. TROTTER,
And that her Drug Store, Cheapside, Lex., Ky.
And muny others. And to the Manages of the Cincinnati Orphan's Asylum we would also refer, as to the great benefit which the Orphans derived from the use of it last winter. Constantly for sale by

GLASCOE & HARRISON,
Northeast Conner of Main and Fourth-streets, and that her LEFT LUNG WAS PARTIALLY CONSTANT, and Condensation of her recovery, as well supply of the calculated she could not continue hat a supply of the above mentioned Medicines kept always on hand and for sale by

S. C. TROTTER,

Northeast Conner of Main and Fourth-streets, and though she was altegether faithless the first drop she took gave her some relief, she continued that their room ou Upper street, between the first drop she took gave her some relief, she continued that their room ou Upper street, between the first drop she took gave her some relief, she continued that their room ou Upper street, between the first drop she took gave her some relief, she continued that a short time, he left her nothing but those short time, he left her nothing pawder to Coates and Rundahouts; Vests, Partalloons and Gentleover's Cloaks, we always upper the city as the continued to the Continued short time as the continued to the continued short time and Continued short time as the continued short ti

her health is now as good as it has been since we mar-

N. B. Sho took about one and one half bottles when the called herealf wull. TIMOTHY GEORGE. Orrington, Maine, April 30, 1838."

the celebrated Bonesetter, 297 Washington street, (two of the most skilful practitioners in Boston,) having witnessed the happy effects of Goclick's Matchless Sanative in several cases which have conce under their observation, have given the general Agent of this great modern medicine, permission to refer to them through the public journals. It is with pleasure, we notice such acts of distincterested benevolence, and this noble generosity of Dr's. II. and W. bespenks their genuine philanthropy.

We understand, Dr. Watson is of the opinion, that as

comparatively well, and my strength has gained very much. I feel confident that the Sanative alone has affor-We think the open and candid course pursued by Dr's.

Watson and Hewett richly entitles them to the lasting ded me the relief, and I would cheerfully recommend it to gratitude of the public—although they may have the whole phalanx of the Medical Faculty pouncing upon them to try the medicine without delay.

Guilford, March 19, 1833.

Certificate from Henry Clark, Esq , of Brattleboro -This certifies that I had suffered for many months from an obstituate cough which resided a great variety of medicines, until I used a bonde of the Matchless Sanative, which remayed it entirely in the course of two or three weeks and restored me to excellent health.
HENRY CLARK.

Brattleboro, March 12th, 1838. Eratueboro, March 12th, 1838.

(C. The above Medicine is for salo by D. S. ROW-LAND, General Agent, 188 Washington street, Boston, where udmerous letters certifying to the good effects of the Medicine may be seen. Also, sold by most of the Postmasters in America, and at Lexington, Ky., by DANIEL BRADFORD, Agent. Price, three and one third rix dollars (\$2.50) per half cunce.

Dec. 4, 1838. -21-11

Lexington Fire, Life, and Marine Insurance Company,



CHARTERED by the Legislature of Ken-tucky in March last.— CAPITAL 30,000 DOL-LARS!—This Company willinsure Buildings, Furniture, Merchandize, &c. against Loss or Damage by Fire, io Town or Country. Steam, Keel and Flat Boars, and their Cangoss

SAMUEL CUTTING.

against the Damages of inland or river Navigstion; and PROPERTY of every description, against the perils of

"This Company will also INSURE LIVES, for ne or more years, or ferlife! The owners of Negro Men , Slaves employed in Factories, or on Farms, will find it to

The following arethe officerschosen by the stockholders: JOHN W. HUNT, Prosident. WM. S. WALLER, JACOB ASHTON, M. C. JOHNSON, JOEL HITGINS, Directors. THOS. C. ONEAN, H. H. TIMBERLARE, J. A. O. NEWTON, Secretary.

ALVAN STEPHENS, SHIVEYOR. Lex. May 7, 1838 21-16

JOHN M. WICALLA, ATTORNEY AT LAW, TILL practice in the Fayette Courts. The collection of non-residents' claims promptly attended to. His Office for the present, at his residence on Main-street, at the corner of Ayres's Alley.

Sheet From.

A SMALL lot Juniala Sheet Iron, suitable for Stove pipe, just received and for sale. Dec 13, 1838—50-tf

B. F. CRUTCHFIELD,

Lexington, K. Nov 28, 1838-48-1y

Farm for Sale. PR. JOHN BROWNE, will sell his farm, situated on the Curd's Rond, within five miles of Lexington.

444 ACRES OF LAND, Half of which is cleared—the other half is well supplied with timber, and set in Blue grass. It has a new Brick house on it, with abunchance of never faling water in every fehl. There is no more desirable Stock or Hemp farm.

Terms to suit the purchaser.

JOHN BROWNE. Dec 12, 1838 50-3m

JABEZ BEACH, T his Coach Repository, has now on hand a COACH equal to any in the State, and four very fine COACHEES, CHAR-10TEES, BAROUCHES and BUGGIES, all of the

first quality, manufactured at New-Ark, New-Jetsey, which will be sold on the lowest terms. Any person wishing a Carriage of any description, can by giving an order, have the same forwarded from the manufacturers at New-Ark, free of commission. Lexington, Sept. 15, 1836--55--tt

DR. CROSS

AVING permanently settled himself in Lexington, offers his professional services to its citizens and the farmers in its vicinity. Office on Short-Street, opposite the Courthouse, next door to Gen. Combs' office.

July 19, 1837 22-(1 NOTICE. HE Partnership heretofore existing between the undersigned, under the name of John Carty, Jr. & Co. was this day dissolved by mutual consent; all persons in-

JOHN CARTY, Jr. J. McCAULEY. Carty, Jr. & Co. their entire Stock of GROCE-RIES, will continue the Groeery Business at the old stand, where I will be happy to furnish my friends as usual, with GDOD BARGAINS, should they be pleased to give 1 e a call, and at the same time very thankful for

Nov. 18, 1836 47-tf THE DEPOSITORY.

THE Female Benevolent Society and Provident Association, having been enabled to extend their business, now offer to the public, a general assortment of

READY MADE CLLOTHING, &c. and that her LEFT LUNG WAS PARTIALLY CON- Such as Ladies' and Gentlemen's Cloaks; over Coats;